# unit 1 SHOPPING - The Call of the Mall

# I. Small shops

Use the words in the box and practise. **Example:** Go to the grocer's and get some olive oil.



eqqs postcards • pasta oranges • cheese • flour

• olive oil steak • brown bread paper • butter chewing

• aspirins

- highlighters • shoe polish
- writing
  - potatoes
    - sausages • clay pots

• new

- Sellotape
- toothpaste
- cherries rolls
- fish envelopes
  - cornflakes
- stamps bottled • lettuce

• pastry

- onions
  - matches
  - shampoo • meat
- drawing pins
- water
- flower seeds
- shoelaces • shrimps
- peppers
- paper
- hankies vinegar

II. Supermarkets – Hypermarkets – Shopping malls

gum

# What do you think? Do you agree?

ham

• tea

rice

soap

• chicken

- Shopping malls are the places where Americans spend more time than anywhere else except at home or work. Is this true of Slovenia too?
- Small shops in city centres are disappearing because of shopping malls. This is the end of small shops.
- In supermarkets, fruit and vegetables are normally close to the entrance This makes people think they are going into an open-air market and makes them feel positive. But no shopping centre will ever take the place of open-air markets. People like the sellers' cries:



Mislim, torej sem. I think, therefore I am. "Sweet, juicy oranges!" (René Descartes, 1596–1650)

Nakupujem, torej sem. I shop, therefore I am.

- Some experts believe that in the future **online shopping** (i.e. shopping on the Internet/on the web) will replace shopping malls.
  - Why do/don't people use the Internet to shop?
  - Is shopping online somehow fundamentally different than shopping offline?
  - Which do you prefer the real offline experience or buying things from the comfort of your own home?
  - Do you ever use your computer to do the Internet shopping?

# Trivia

• The first shopping mall or hypermarket opened in the USA in the 50s of the 20th century. Twenty years later similar hypermarkets started to appear in Europe. Today there are about 50,000 shopping malls in the USA, and about 10,000 in Europe.

# • The World's Largest Mall

The biggest shopping mall in the world is West Edmonton Mall in Canada which contains 800 stores, 100 restaurants and 26 cinemas. This entertainment and shopping centre is a holiday destination in itself where you can shop till you drop. **NO BREAD NO EGGS!** 

I Listen to the conversation and look at the shopping list. Tick (√) what Mrs and Mr Hughes need.



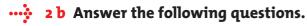
Mrs Hughes Mr Hughes Mrs Hughes Mr Hughes Mrs Hughes	We're running out of bread. Jim, dear, please go to the baker's and get some bread. Oh – and please go to the grocer's and get some eggs. We're running out of eggs, too. All right. I'll make a shopping list. <i>Bread, eggs,</i> What else do we need? Let me see We've got a lot of apples but we haven't got any oranges. OK. Some oranges. Is there any milk? Well, we've got some milk, but there's no butter.
Mr Hughes	OK. Some butter, then. Do we need any rice?
Mrs Hughes	Yes, buy some rice, please. And there isn't any pasta either. Did you put oil on the shopping list?
Mr Hughes	No, I didn't. So some oil, then. Do we need any drinks?
Mrs Hughes	Oh, yes, we need some wine. It's your birthday tomorrow.
	[two hours later; Mr Hughes is unpacking the shopping]
Mr Hughes	I haven't got any bread or eggs. I'm sorry.
Mrs Hughes	Oh, Jim!
Mr Hughes	The baker didn't have any bread and the grocer didn't have any eggs.
Mrs Hughes	I don't believe you.
Mr Hughes	I'm only joking!
Mrs Hughes	Oh, Jim!
_	But Jim, dear. You forgot to buy the salt.
Mr Hughes	I didn't forget to buy it. We didn't put it on the shopping list.

Mrs Hughes It's all right. Please go to the neighbour's and borrow some.

# •••• 2 a Answer the following questions.

- 1. What are Mr and Mrs Hughes running out of?
- 2. Must Mr Hughes go to the grocer's? Why (not)?
- 3. Did they have any bread at the baker's?
- 4. Did they have any eggs at the grocer's?

- 5. Whose birthday is it tomorrow?
- 6. Why didn't Mr Hughes buy any salt?
- 7. Did they put salt on the shopping list?
- 8. Where can they borrow some salt?



- 1. Do you sometimes go shopping for your mother (neighbour, ...)?
- 2. When do you go shopping?
- 3. Do you often run out of things at home?
- 4. What kind of things do you run out of?
- 5. What are you going to do on your way home from school today? Are you going to do the shopping?
- 6. Who does the weekly grocery shopping in your family?
- 7. Do you ever borrow things from your neighbours'? If yes, what do you borrow?

# ••• 3 Are the nouns countable or uncountable? Copy and complete the chart.



# 🔨 remember box

# Countable and uncountable nouns

– Števni in neštevni samostalniki

# Countable nouns (How many?)

- Števni samostalniki
- There is **an** orange in the fridge.
- There are five (some, a lot of) eggs in the fridge.

# Uncountable nouns (How much?)

- Neštevni samostalniki
- There is some milk (wine, bread, ...) in the fridge.

# Some, any, no (with countable nouns) – some, any, no (s števnimi samostalniki)

- We need some eggs.
- Are there **any** drinks? / Do we need **any** drinks?
- The grocer didn't have any eggs. / We haven't got any oranges.
- There are **no** oranges.

# Some, any, no (with uncountable nouns)

- some, any, no (z neštevnimi samostalniki)
- We need **some** butter.
- Is there any milk? / Do we need any rice?
- There isn't any pasta. / We haven't got any bread.
- There is **no** salt.

# Learn and use – Nauči se in uporabi

- We're running out of *bread*.
- Go to the *baker's* and get some *bread*.
- I'll make a shopping list.
- What else do we need?
- And there isn't any *pasta* either.
- Did you put *oil* on the shopping list?
- I don't believe you.
- I'm only joking!
- You forgot to buy *the salt*.
- Go to the neighbour's and borrow some *salt*.

Cour	Uncountable	
singular <i>(ednina)</i> : <mark>a / an</mark>	plural <i>(množina)</i> : <mark>some</mark>	singular <i>(ednina</i> ): <b>some</b>
a cucumber	some cucumbers	some soap

••••• **4 Write** *a/an* or *some*. I need ... / There is ... / Can I have ...? / Would you like ...?

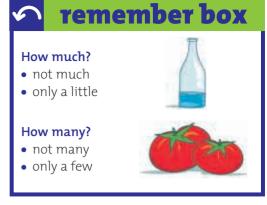
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1		tomato	7.		flou	r	13		stamp
2		toothpaste	e 8.		pape	er hanky	14		lettuce
3		mayonnai	se 9.		shar	npoo	15		postcard
4		writing pa	per 10.		appl	le juice	16		music
5		_ chewing g	um 11.		dou	ghnut	17		flower
					fish		18		rice
5 Write	e a, an, or s	some.							
4		*		1		A A	~		
1a	flower	1b	_ flowers	6a	crisp	6b	crisps		
E		(		2	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	-	W AND		J.
2a	pizza	2b	_ pizza	7a	chicken	7b	chickens	7c	chicken
E	7	Se			Zð		D)	S.	35
за	ice-cream	3b	_ ice-cream	8a	steak	8b	steaks	8c	steak
	<b>Š</b>	- M	P.	4		A		C	Ż
4a	child	4b	_ children	9a	onion	9b	onions	9c	onion
		E	D	X	Č.	Q			Ø
5a	apricot	5b	_ apricots	10a	fish	10b	_ fish/(fishes	) 10c	fish

•••• 6 What's on the table? Make sentences, using *some* and *any*, like this:

A REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PR	<ul> <li>bread</li> <li>There</li> <li>and so</li> <li>sugar</li> <li>There</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Example:</li> <li>bread – cheese</li> <li>There is some bread and some cheese.</li> <li>sugar – eggs</li> <li>There is some sugar but there aren't any eggs.</li> </ul>			
	<ol> <li>flour – milk</li> <li>salt – pasta</li> <li>water – juice</li> <li>wine – cherries</li> </ol>	5. lemons – rolls 6. honey – onions 7. oil – mayonnaise 8. olives – beer			

#### unit 1 SHOPPING - The Call of the Mall

#### •••• 7 a Complete this dialogue with some and any. I'm really thirsty. Have you got (1) \_\_\_\_ Amanda orange juice? No, but there's (2) \_\_\_\_\_ lemonade Susan here. Would you like (3) \_\_\_\_\_? Oh, yes, please! I'm hungry, too. Is there anything Amanda to eat? Have you got (4) \_\_\_\_\_ biscuits? No, but there's (5) \_\_\_\_\_ bread here. Susan Amanda Mmm. What can I have with it? Well, I've got (6) \_\_\_\_\_ cheese. Susan And I think there are (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ tomatoes. Have you got (8) \_\_\_\_\_ ham? Amanda Susan Er, yes. Amanda Great! A ham, cheese and tomato sandwich. My favourite!

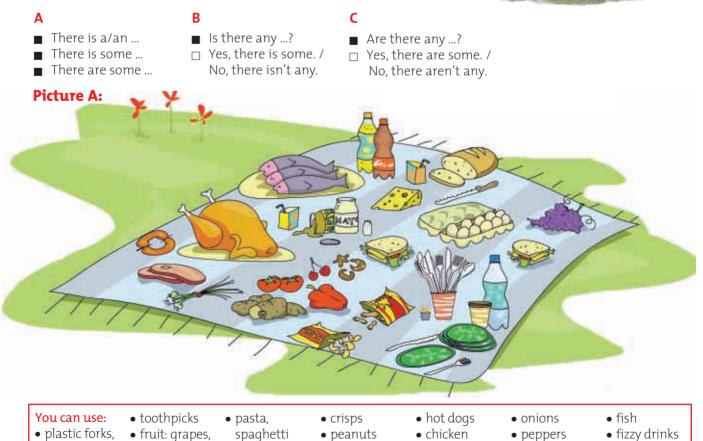




**7**b Listen and check.

# •••• 8 What is there/isn't there for the picnic? Work in pairs. Student A: Look at the picture below. Student B: Look at picture B on page 195.

There are eight differences. Don't show your picture to your partner. Talk about the pictures to find the differences.



• plastic forks,	
knives and	
spoons	

- oranges, • paper cups cherries and plates
  - eggs

• fruit: grapes,

- spaghetti • bread
- strawberries, rolls doughnuts
  - biscuits
- peanuts • pizza
- sausages
- sandwiches
- cheese
- chicken
- meat

olives

- mayonnaise mustard
  - tomatoes
    - salt

• peppers

• lettuce

potatoes

- water • milk

• juice

• beer



#### Student A: You are Little Red Riding Hood or Little Red Reebok Hood. You are taking some food and drink to your grandma who is ill. You hide 3 kinds of food in your basket. You are the wicked wolf. Try to guess what there is in the basket. Student B:

[...] One day her mother said to her, "Come, Little Red Riding Hood, here is a piece of cake and a bottle of wine. Take them to your grandmother, she is ill and weak, and they will do her good. Walk quickly to her house. Don't stop and play. And don't leave the road." Little Red Riding Hood took the basket and ran into the forest. She walked very quickly. She did not stop and play. But soon after, she saw - a wolf! "Hello," said the wolf. "How are you today?"

"I'm very well, thank you," she answered.

"But my grandma is ill. I'm taking this basket to her." "Are you?" said the wolf. "That's interesting! - What have you got in your basket?"

■ Have you got a/an ...?  $\square$  Is there a/an ...?

■ Have you got any ...?

 $\Box$  Is there any ...? / Are there any ...?

**10** Listen. Ask the questions.

#### Example:

- We need some oranges.
- □ Question: *How many* do we need?
- We need some bread.
- □ Ouestion: *How much* do we need?

# ••• 11 You are at a party. Ask politely for these things.

#### Example:

- Can I have some *lemonade*, please?
- □ Here you are. / Sorry, we haven't got any *lemonade*.
- bread
- biscuits
- pizza
- apple juice
- crisps
- grapes

- peanuts
- ice-cream
- cheese
- olives
- mayonnaise
- mustard



Little Red Riding Hood

Little Red Reebok Hood

miles of smiles

Waiter: There you are, madam, a knicker-bocker glory with vanilla ice-cream, strawberry ice-cream, orange jelly,

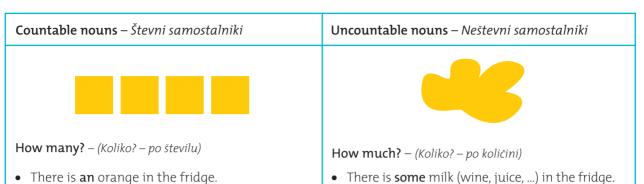
chocolate sauce, fresh peach slices, double cream, choco late chips and nuts. Would you like a cherry? Customer: No thanks - I'm on a diet.

> Tick the box which contains the reaction that is closest to yours. □ very funny (hilarious) □ funny □ bad taste but funny □ silly □ I don't get it

# **GRAMMAR TIME OUT**

# I. Countable and uncountable nouns – Števni in neštevni samostalniki

Samostalniki v angleščini so števni ali neštevni.



- There is **an** orange in the fridge.
- There are **five (some, a lot of)** eggs in the fridge.

	countables (števni)	<b>uncountables</b> (neštevni)
<b>singular</b> (ednina)	<b>a</b> book <b>an</b> egg	<b>some</b> cheese milk bread (nekaj – po količini)
<b>plural</b> (množina)	<b>some</b> books eggs (nekaj – po številu)	X

### **II. Some, any, no (with countable nouns)** – some, any, no (s števnimi samostalniki)

- + We need **some** eqgs.
- ? Are there **any** drinks? / Do we need **any** drinks?
- The grocer didn't have any eggs. / We haven't got any oranges.
- -There are **no** oranges.

### III. Some, any, no (with uncountable nouns) – some, any, no (z neštevnimi samostalniki)

- + We need **some** butter.
- ? Is there **any** milk? / Do we need **any** rice?
- There isn't any pasta. / We haven't got any bread.
- There is **no** salt.

Kadar je poved v vprašalnem naklonu ali pa jo zanikamo, se besedica some spremeni v any. Some torej uporabljamo samo v trdilnih povedih.

Če nekaj ponujaš ali za kaj prosiš, pa se some ne spremeni v any.

- Can I have **some** apple juice?
- Would you like **some** crisps?

# Na strani 45 preveri, kaj si se naučil/a v razdelku A1.