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TOUCHSTONE 8

angleški jezik za 8. razred osnovne šole

PRENOVLJENI DELOVNI ZVEZEK

Rešitve vaj

unit 1	SHOPPING – The Call of the Mall	2
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Opomba:

A) Poševnica (/) označuje dodatno možnost.

Na primer:

He is washing the car/his car pomeni, da sta pravilni obe povedi, in sicer *He is washing the car* in *He is washing his car*.

Kjer je bilo smiselno, smo dodali več možnih rešitev, vendar to ne pomeni, da so pravilni samo dani odgovori. Marsikje nismo izčrpali vseh možnosti, zato se naj učenci o svojih rešitvah posvetujejo z učiteljem.

Pri vajah, ki zahtevajo prosto dopolnjevanje, smo lahko dodali samo **predloge rešitev**, ki se lahko močno razlikujejo od učenčevih. Pri tistih vajah, kjer učenci izražajo svoje lastne izkušnje, rešitev seveda nismo mogli navesti.

B) Oklepaj () označuje tiste besede, ki jih lahko izpustimo.

Na primer:

She is riding (a horse) pomeni, da je pravilno *She is riding* in *She is riding a horse*.

SHOPPING

– The Call of the Mall

1

- 2 a shopping centre / mall
- 3 a department store
- 4 a supermarket
- 5 a corner shop
- 6 a garden centre
- 7 a flea market
- 8 a hypermarket

2b

- 2 an off-licence
- 3 a florist's
- 4 a grocer's
- 5 a chemist's
- 6 a stationer's
- 7 a confectioner's
- 8 an ironmonger's / a hardware shop
- 9 a fishmonger's
- 10 a greengrocer's
- 11 a butcher's
- 12 a newsagent's
- 13 a deli(catessen)

3

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 2 a clothes shop | 8 a toy shop |
| 3 a shoe shop | 9 a sports shop |
| 4 a paper shop | 10 a bike shop |
| 5 a gift shop | 11 a flower shop |
| 6 a sweet shop | 12 a music shop |
| 7 a pet shop | |

4

COUNT NOUNS • števni samostalniki

house, windmill, boat, man, lake, bridge, tree, sheep, cow, horse, flower, air balloon, child/boy, kite, swan, bird, butterfly, mountain, chimney, window, door, fence, meadow/pasture, sky [C/U], wind [C/U]

MASS NOUNS • neštevni samostalniki

air, smoke, water, grass, sky [C/U], wind [C/U]

5

- 2 U – U – U
- 3 C
- 4 C / U (fish eaten as food) – C
- 5 U – C
- 6 C
- 7 C – U
- 8 C
- 9 U – U – C
- 10 U

6

- 2 flour (U)
- 3 grapes (C)
- 4 oil (U)
- 5 the French (U), wine (U), the Italians (C)
- 6 eggs (C)
- 7 kilo (C), onions (C)
- 8 doughnuts (C)
- 9 sister (C), peanut butter (U), breakfast (U)
- 10 mud (U), carpet (C)
- 11 cheese (U), milk (U)
- 12 water (U), moon (C)
- 13 money (U)
- 14 cornflakes (C), bowl (C)

7

- 3 There is some cheese.
- 4 There is some honey.
- 5 There is some olive oil.
- 6 There are some eggs.
- 7 There is some rice.
- 8 There is some vinegar.
- 9 There is some butter.
- 10 There is some flour.
- 11 There are some peppers.
- 12 There are some onions.
- 13 There is some chocolate.
- 14 There is some lettuce.
- 15 There is some fruit.

9

- 3 How much; much; a little
- 4 How many; many; a few
- 5 How many
- 6 How much; much; a little
- 7 How many; many; a few
- 8 How much; much; a little
- 9 How many; many; a few
- 10 How much; much; a little
- 11 How many; many; a few
- 12 How many

10

- 1 Are there any eggs? – No, there aren't.
- 2 Is there a potato? – Yes, there is.
- 3 Is there any rice? – No, there isn't.
- 4 Are there any cherries? – Yes, there are.
- 5 Is there any bread? – Yes, there is.
- 6 Are there any knives? – No, there aren't.
- 7 Is there a pineapple? – Yes, there is.

11a

- 1 F 2 T 3 T 4 F 5 F 6 F

12 (predlog rešitve)

Picture 1: Have some biscuits. / Would you like some biscuits? / Would you like a biscuit? – No, thanks. I'm on a diet.

Picture 2: Would you like some fish? – Mmm, that smells delicious!

Picture 3: Can I have some juice (water, milk), please? – Yes, here you are.

13

- Jenny How **much** juice did you bring?
 Barry I didn't bring **any** juice – it's horrible. But there's **some** soda instead.
 Jenny I don't like soda. Is there **any** lemonade?
 Barry No, there isn't.
 Jenny How **many** sandwiches did you make?
 Barry Ten. They are all sardine sandwiches. There wasn't **any** cheese. You don't like sardine sandwiches, do you?
 Jenny Yuck! No, I don't. How **much** bread is there?
 Barry Well, there isn't **much** bread. There's only one slice.
 Jenny Can I have **some** apples?
 Barry Oh, sorry. There aren't **any** apples. I ate them all on the way here.
 Jenny Barry! You're so greedy. Can I have **some** biscuits?
 Barry I didn't bring **any** biscuits.
 Jenny Why didn't you bring any biscuits? You know I like biscuits.
 Barry I forgot. Now would you like **some** sardine sandwiches? They are very good, and that's all there is.

14

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 2 any ... languages | 11 some problems |
| 3 any shampoo | 12 any photographs |
| 4 any batteries | 13 any fish |
| 5 some milk | 14 any ... some margarine |
| 6 any mistakes | 15 any clothes |
| 7 some ... roses | 16 any buses |
| 8 some cheese | 17 some music |
| 9 some ... air | 18 any help |
| 10 any chairs | |

15a

- | | | |
|---------|----------|----------------|
| 1 meat | 4 Salt | 7 Honey |
| 2 eggs | 5 milk | 8 cherry, plum |
| 3 Bread | 6 basket | 9 pears |

15b

- 2 Ne moreš napraviti omlete, če ne razbiješ jajc. / Če želiš kaj doseči, moraš tudi kaj žrtvovati. / Vsaka stvar ima svojo ceno.
 3 Brez kruha ni življenja. / Kjerkoli sonce teče, povsod kruh se peče.
 4 Sol začini vse stvari. / Sol je najboljša začimba. / [Sol začini živila, toda jih tudi pokvari.]
 5 Po toči zvoniti je prepozno.
 6 Ne stavi vse na eno karto.

- 7 Več muh se ulovi na med kot na kis. / Na žlico medu se ujame več muh kot v sod kisa.
 8 Leto, ki je ugodno za gojeno sadje, je ugodno tudi za divje sadje.* / [Kdor poleti ne nabira, bo pozimi velika reva. / Suha leta bogata pojedjo.]
 9 Poskrbi za potomce. / Marljiv kmet bo posadil tudi takšna drevesa, katerih plodov sam ne bo nikoli videl.

*In the southern counties of England there is a familiar proverb: *A Cherry year a merry year; A plum year a dumb year.*

Explanation 1: It means that 'cherries are never plentiful' except when their blossoms have a genial spring and summer, and that an abundance of plums carries an increase in the death rate.'

Explanation 2: In the Westminster Review for January, 1881, may be found a more plausible, explanation. The word 'merry' according to this authority, has nothing whatever to do with our adjective so spelt, but is connected with the French *merise*, and is a common word throughout the south-west of England, for the wild cherry (*Prunus Avium*). There are various kinds of 'merries', known as red, black and white, in different parts of England. The word 'dumb' has also nothing to do with the adjective so spelt, but is a corruption of 'damson' (*Prunus communis*). The meaning of the rhyme now becomes apparent. It simply says that a good year for cherries is also a good year for 'merries,' and that a good year for plums, (always spelt 'plumb' by the rustic of the west of England, and so making a purer rhyme,) is also a good year for damsons; that, in short, the year which is favorable to cultivated is also favorable to wild fruit'.

(<http://chestofbooks.com/gardening-horticulture/Gardener-Monthly-V28/Plum-And-Cherry-Seasons.html>)

16**POSITIVE STATEMENTS**

- 1 some
- 2 a
- 3 an
- 4 some

QUESTIONS AND**NEGATIVE STATEMENTS**

- 1 any; any
- 2 any
- 3 a
- 4 any

POSITIVE STATEMENTS

- 1 some
- 2 some
- 3 some
- 4 some

QUESTIONS AND**NEGATIVE STATEMENTS**

- 1 any; any
- 2 any
- 3 any
- 4 any

17a

- l a trolley
f (goods) shelves
b small plastic bags for fruit and vegetables
a (supermarket) scales
g an aisle
i a stack of tinned food
d a customer or a shopper
n a freezer
c a stack of shopping baskets
e the butcher's
p a checkout assistant or a cashier
s a self-checkout or a self-service checkout
o a cash register or a till
j the fishmonger's
k a queue (of people)
r a checkout
q (plastic) carrier bags
h a (shopping) basket
m a supermarket fridge

17b

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 queue | 6 checkout |
| 2 trolley; basket | 7 checkout assistant; cashier |
| 3 cash register; till | 8 carrier bag |
| 4 aisle | 9 self-checkout / |
| 5 scales | self-service checkout |

18

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-----------------|
| a | b | c |
| a shoplifter | a till | an ironmonger's |
| d | e | f |
| customers | a receipt | an aisle |

19

BAKER'S – biscuits, bread, rolls
 BUTCHER'S – ham, meat, sausages, steaks
 CHEMIST'S – aspirins, medicines, paper hankies, toothpaste
 FISHMONGER'S – fish, shrimps
 FLORIST'S – carnations, clay pots
 GREENGROCER'S – carrots, garlic, lettuce, onions
 GROCER'S – biscuits, bread, eggs, pasta, rice, vinegar
 NEWSAGENT'S – books, comics, matches, paper hankies, stamps
 STATIONER'S – books, coloured pens, Sellotape, writing paper

20

DAIRY PRODUCTS – ice cream, butter, yoghurt, cheese, milk
 DRINKS – lemonade, soda, orangeade, tea, juice, milk
 SWEETS – ice cream, chocolate, biscuits, cake
 FRUIT – apples, pears, cherries
 VEGETABLES – cabbage, carrots, peas, cucumber, peppers, lettuce
 MEAT – chicken, ham, steak

21

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 a carton of | 7 a bottle of |
| 2 a packet of | 8 a kilo/pound of |
| 3 a jar of | 9 a loaf of |
| 4 a bag of / a packet of | 10 a tube of |
| 5 a box of | 11 a tin of |
| 6 a crate of | 12 a packet/pack of |

22

packet/pack (of pasta); **loaf** (of bread);
packets/bags (of rice); **bottle** (of mineral water);
cartons (of orange juice); **packet/pack** (of butter);
jar (of olives); **tins** (of tuna); **box** (of eggs);
tube/jar (of mayonnaise); **box/carton** (of ice cream)

23

- a jar of honey
- two loaves of bread
- a packet/bag of rice
- a bunch of bananas
- a carton of apple juice
- a crate of mineral water/oranges
- a can of soda/Coca-Cola
- a pot/tub/cup of yoghurt

- a packet/pack of butter
- a box of eggs
- a punnet of strawberries

24

- tins/kilos/pounds** of tomatoes
- bottle** of mineral water
- packets/bags** of crisps
- loaves** of bread
- packs/pounds** of cheese
- packets** of peanuts
- £26.7 total

25

- tins; bananas (cigarettes, peanuts, crisps)
- twenty-six packets
- crates
- seventy-nine tubes; any
- bags of flour
- How many bags
- Does; any; one thousand two hundred and fifty packs
- There are; eggs
- Is there
- Does; have; there are fifty-two
- (poljubno) There are 24 cartons of pineapple juice in warehouse A.

26

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------|------------|
| 1 one; one | 5 ones; ones | 9 one; one |
| 2 one; one | 6 one | 10 one |
| 3 one | 7 ones | |
| 4 one(s); one(s) | 8 ones; ones | |

27

- Which shorts are his/hers? – The striped/brownish ones. / The pink ones.
- Which bag is his/hers? – The black one. / The purple one.
- Which sunglasses are his/hers? – The black ones. / The brown ones.
- Which shoes are his/hers? – The blue ones. / The red ones.
- Which socks are his/hers? – The blue ones. / The red ones.
- Which wig is his/hers? – The court judge one. / The court room one. / The traditional one. / The long straight one.
- Which umbrella is his/hers? – The black one. / The folding one. / The grey one.
- Which shirt is his/hers? – The checked/plaid/blue/short-sleeved one. / The pink/long-sleeved one.

28

- I'd like the green/yellow one, please.
- I'd like a large/small one, please.
- I'd like (to see) black/blue ones, please.
- I'd like a smart/casual one, please.
- I'd like (to see) the gold/silver ones, please.
- I'd like the green/yellow ones, please.
- I'd like an expensive/a cheap one, please.
- I'd like the striped/polka dot ones.

29 (predlog rešitve)

- 2 I'd like the black-and-blue/white ones.
- 3 I'd like the green/blue ones. / I'd like the long/short/ankle ones.
- 4 I'd like the glass/porcelain/white one.
- 5 I'd like the red/mixed ones.
- 6 I'd like the wooden/metal one.
- 7 I'd like the tight/flared ones.
- 8 I'd like the woolen/brown/large/pink/small/girls' ones.
- 9 I'd like the golden/silver one. / I'd like the one with four pendants/a football.

30

- 2 one, casual one
- 3 large/casual/blue/leather ones
- 4 one, electric one
- 5 one, round one
- 6 leather/blue/large one
- 7 ones, tinned ones
- 8 ones, woolen ones
- 9 striped/casual/blue/woolen/leather/large/plain ones
- 10 ones; plain ones

31

- 1 I like that (→ those) green T-shirts.
I like that green T-shirts (→ T-shirt).
- 2 I don't want my black swimming trunks,
I want my green one (→ ones).
- 3 Can I have these (→ this) red sports bag, please?
Can I have these red sports bag (→ bags), please?
- 4 Which anorak do you like? –
I like these (→ this) yellow one.
- 5 I don't like the blue trainers, I like the black one (→ ones).
- 6 Which jeans do you like? –
I like this (→ these) brown ones.

Cartoon caption: ones

32

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 2 herself | 8 himself |
| 3 himself | 9 herself |
| 4 ourselves | 10 himself |
| 5 yourself | 11 yourselves/yourself |
| 6 themselves | 12 ourselves |
| 7 yourself/yourselves | |

33

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 2 enjoy yourself/yourselves | 8 turn itself |
| 3 hurt himself | 9 repeats itself |
| 4 burnt myself | 10 washes itself |
| 5 Help yourself/yourselves | 11 feed themselves |
| 6 make ourselves | 12 hide ourselves |
| 7 cut herself | |

34

- 1 themselves
- 2 yourself
- 3 herself
- 4 myself
- 5 yourselves

35a

yourself

The Edwards: (by) ourselves

The Holmes: himself; (by) himself

Mr and Mrs Rigg: (by) themselves

Mrs Wrigley: (by) herself; myself; yourself

35b

- 1 Because it gives a lot of information about home repairs.
- 2 The roof (of their house).
- 3 The ceiling of their bedroom.
- 4 No, they didn't. They decorated their house.
- 5 Because she has to fix things in her house by herself.
- 6 Buy the magazine (and see it for yourself).

36

- 2 I (don't) pack my schoolbag myself.
- 3 I (don't) iron my clothes myself.
- 4 I (don't) choose my clothes myself.
- 5 I (don't) clean my room myself.
- 6 I (don't) make my bed myself.
- 7 I (don't) make my breakfast myself.
- 8 I (don't) cut my hair myself.
- 9 I (don't) do my homework myself.
- 10 I (don't) cut my nails myself.

37

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1 ourselves | 6 themselves |
| 2 ourselves | 7 them |
| 3 ourselves | 8 us |
| 4 us | 9 us |
| 5 themselves | 10 us |

38

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1 won't you? | 4 could you? |
| 2 isn't it? | 5 aren't you? |
| 3 do I? | 6 isn't there? |

39 (predlog rešitve)

- 1 aren't you – Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.
- 2 haven't you – Yes, I have / No, I haven't.
- 3 doesn't he – Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
- 4 don't you – Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
- 5 don't you – Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
- 6 were you – No, I wasn't. / Yes, I was.
- 7 won't you – Yes, I will. / No, I won't.
- 8 can't you – Yes, I can. / No, I can't.
- 9 do you – / No, I don't. / Yes, I do.
- 10 isn't it – Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.

40

- | | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| 1 did he | 9 am I |
| 2 isn't it | 10 shouldn't they |
| 3 are you | 11 didn't he |
| 4 does she | 12 can't she |
| 5 aren't we | 13 aren't I |
| 6 aren't I | 14 don't I |
| 7 didn't they | 15 isn't there |
| 8 do you | |

41

Boy The fire must burn all night, **mustn't it?**
 Boy All animals are afraid of fire, **aren't they?**
 Boy It's noisy in the jungle at night, **isn't it?**
 Boy They are not dangerous, **are they?**
 Boy Jackals? We're not in danger, **are we?**
 Guide What's the matter? You're not scared, **are you?**
 Boy But we're a long way from the town, **aren't we?**
 Guide Things always seem worse at night, **don't they?**
 Guide It's time to get into bed, **isn't it?**

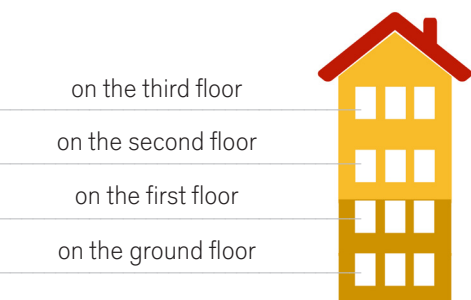
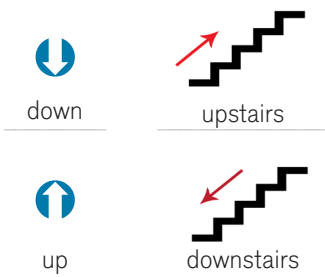
42

enjoyed; was; 's got; looks; had; acts; were; wasn't crying; am

43

- 1 isn't it; could you
- 2 is it
- 3 did it
- 4 isn't it; did they
- 5 didn't you
- 6 didn't it

44



45

5 th floor:	
SPORTS ARTICLES & CAMPING	sleeping bags, tents
SPORTSWEAR	anoraks, tracksuits
TV & ELECTRICAL	DVD players, TV sets
RECORDS	CDs & DVDs
4 th floor:	
TOYS & MODELS	Barbie dolls, Lego sets, toy cars
FURNITURE	tables, wardrobes
SHOES	
DO-IT-YOURSELF & TOOLS	hammers, paint, screws & nails
3 rd floor:	
MEN'S WEAR	jeans, suspenders, underpants
PHOTOGRAPHIC	cameras
JEWELLER'S	necklaces
CLOCKS & WATCHES	watches

46

- 1 gas cooker – line 4
- 2 bed – line 7
- 3 bread – line 5
- 4 drawing pins – line 6
- 5 skirt – line 3
- 6 suntan oil – line 1
- 7 video camera – line 2

NAMES OF STORE DEPARTMENTS:

- 1 chemist's & cosmetics
- 2 TV & electrical
- 3 ladies' wear
- 4 sports articles & camping
- 5 food
- 6 newsagent's & stationery
- 7 furniture

47

- 2 uncle's
- 3 brother's
- 4 child's
- 5 Mr. Brown's
- 6 rabbit's
- 7 Mateja's
- 8 friend's
- 9 sister's
- 10 Bill's

48 (predlog rešitve)

- 2 our neighbours'
- 3 pupils'
- 4 tigers'
- 5 teachers'
- 6 girls'
- 7 my parents'
- 8 my friends'
- 9 my grandparents'

49

- 2 These are women's earrings.
- 3 Those are men's trousers.
- 4 Are these children's toys?
- 5 Are these women's coats?
- 6 These are children's TV programmes.

50

- 1 The boy's bag. The boys' bags. The boy's bags.
- 2 The rabbit's ear. The rabbits' ears. The rabbit's ears.
- 3 The girl's shoe. The girls' shoes. The girl's shoes.

2 nd floor:	
LADIES' WEAR	jeans, panties
CARDS & FANCY GOODS	gift paper
HANDBAGS & LUGGAGE	suitcases
KITCHENWARE & CHINA	plates & glasses
1 st floor:	
BABIES' WEAR	
CHILDREN'S WEAR	
YOUNG FASHION	jeans, necklaces
Ground floor:	
RESTAURANTS	
SHOE REPAIRS	
CONFECTIONER'S	cakes & sweets
CHEMIST'S & COSMETICS	face cream, makeup
NEWSAGENT'S & STATIONERY	coloured pens, gift paper, magazines
Basement	
FOOD	flour

51a

my friends'	the child's	the teacher's
the dog's	our neighbours'	the children's
his parents'	my grandparents'	women's
my mother's	a postman's	a doctor's
the teachers'	the cats'	the lions'
men's	my brothers'	

51b

2 children's	6 lions'	10 girl's, boy's
3 girls', boys'	7 ladies'	11 women's
4 rabbit's	8 men's	12 men's
5 teachers'	9 neighbours'	

52a

2 Bob's	4 fishmonger's	6 Carol's
3 father's	5 brother's	7 /

52b

- 2 Bob's sister has got a dog.
- 3 It is my father's umbrella.
- 4 Where is your mother? – She is at the fishmonger's.
- 5 My brother's name is Tim.
- 6 Carol's car is red.
- 7 He is at home. He is watching football.

53

2 John's	10 I'm
3 haven't	11 brother's; name's
4 That's	12 They've
5 What's; It's	13 She's
6 There's	14 doesn't
7 We're	15 aren't
8 isn't	16 They're; o'clock
9 Where's; don't	

54

a; Governor's; him; an; son's; people

55

1 – from right to left	2 – a brand of soap
2 – dries ... creams	3 – a sponge
3 – sponge	4 – Poppy Week promotion
4 – as much as	

- 2 – The second advertisement advertises Dove soap.
- 3 – The third advertisement advertises Ivalon sponge.
- 4 – The fourth advertisement promotes Poppy Week.

56**shopping + noun**

shopping bag, shopping centre, shopping expedition, shopping mall, shopping list

adjective / noun / verb + shopping

last-minute shopping, Sunday shopping, late-night shopping, Christmas shopping, go shopping, window-shopping, daily shopping

READING (str. 33)**1a**

- 1 Sardines (in olive oil).
- 2 Two fruit & nut bars.
- 3 Sardines and olive oil.
- 4 Almonds, raisins, peanuts, and cranberries.
- 5 The first one.
- 6 In Portugal.
- 7 It doesn't say.

1b

2 noise	7 cows	12 wine
3 men	8 bean	13 glass
4 hands	9 rolls	14 country
5 mouth	10 quickly	
6 food	11 thirsty	

2

- 1 penny (slika 3)
- 2 bottle of milk (slika 5)
- 3 cream cheese; cheese; cheese (slika 1)
- 4 tomcat; cat; cat (slika 4)
- 5 piece of meat (slika 6)
- 6 donkey; donkey (slika 2)

3

1 tin	5 vases	9 money
2 artist	6 died	10 attic
3 collect	7 cookie	11 rubbish
4 jars	8 furniture	12 ugly

4

1 took	5 went	9 want
2 picture	6 more	10 turned
3 found	7 girl	11 expensive
4 window	8 shopkeeper	12 offer

5

1 T	3 T	5 F	7 F	9 T	11 T
2 T	4 F	6 T	8 F	10 F	

6

- 1 In 1922.
- 2 More than 800.
- 3 On a (130-metre-long) lake.
- 4 A folding chair, two wire baskets and wheels.
- 5 In 1954.
- 6 In 1952.
- 7 'Incorruptible Cashier'.
- 8 Because it was heavily illustrated and contained a lot of goods.
- 9 A travelling salesman.
- 10 John Wanamaker.

7

1 F	3 F	5 T	7 F	9 T	11 T
2 T	4 T	6 T	8 T	10 NG	12 NG

8

Stan	Charles	Veronica
✓		
	✓	
✓		
	✓	
		✓
✓		
✓		✓

travels a lot.

lives close to Niagara Falls.

is a professional dancer.

would tattoo a company's name on an arm only.

is very social and always has a lot of people around.

is willing to wear an ad in the form of a sticker or temporary tattoo.

is renting his/her body space for advertising.

9

- 1 D – need
- 2 D – together
- 3 A – saw
- 4 D – can't
- 5 B – before
- 6 B – at
- 7 A – don't

WRITING (str. 40)

4 (predlog rešitve)

One day little Mr Jones was going past a sports shop. When he saw the sporting goods in the window, he suddenly stopped. He looked at them, then went into the shop and asked the salesman to show him the boomerang in the window. Mr Jones had no idea how to use it. The salesman was very kind, so he suggested stepping outside for a demonstration. He threw the boomerang but – oh no! – the boomerang flew right back, hit the shop window and smashed it to pieces.

5 (primer)

Midge's mum wanted some eggs. Midge went to the grocer's. The shop assistant gave him some eggs. Midge put the eggs in a bag. On his way home Midge saw his friends. "Come and play," they said. Midge put the bag down. They played football. Midge played in goal. He fell on the eggs. "Oh no!" said Midge. When he got home his mum looked at the eggs. She was cross. Midge went to the grocer's again. The shop assistant gave him some eggs. Midge put the eggs in a bag. Then he saw a friend. The friend had a go-kart. Midge wanted a go. He put the bag down, next to some dustbin and refuse sacks. He went on the go-kart. His friend gave him a push. A dust-cart arrived. The binman put the bag with the eggs in the dust-cart. "Oh, no!" said Midge. When he got home, his mum was very cross. Now Midge's mum went to the grocer's herself. The shop assistant gave her some eggs. She put the eggs in a bag. On her way home she met a friend. She put the basket down. They chatted away. Midge's baby brother was in a pram. He got bored, and took the box of eggs from the basket. He started to play with the eggs. Oh no! He broke them.

CULTURE (str. 44)

1b

- 9 an American footwear and sports company
- 6 a Czech automobile manufacturer
- 10 a Dutch technology company
- 7 a French cosmetics and beauty company
- 8 a Slovenian manufacturer of white good
- 3 a Japanese automobile manufacturer
- 1 a Swedish furniture company
- 2 an American chain of hamburger fast food restaurants
- 5 an Italian clothing company
- 4 an American technology company

3

- 1 No 2 No 3 Yes 4 Yes 5 No 6 Yes 7 No

ENGLISH ACROSS THE CURRICULUM (str. 46)

1b

- 4 a human billboard / a walking billboard / a sandwich man
- 3 advertising on clothing
- 2 aerial advertising: airplane banners → planes towing banners with (commercial and personal) messages
- 1 aerial advertising: skywriting
- 9 bodies as billboards / body advertising (e.g. paying people to get tattoos advertising brands)
- 6 mobile billboards: a billboard truck
- 5 electric/neon signs flashing in many colours
- 7 dropping / tossing (propaganda) leaflets and flyers
- 10 Promobike – an advertising bicycle
- 8 sign wavers / sign spinners / human directionals

PEOPLE IN ACTION

unit 2

1

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1 entered | 8 were | 15 saw |
| 2 bought | 9 picked up | 16 looked up |
| 3 paid | 10 phoned | 17 spotted |
| 4 went | 11 arrived | 18 climbed |
| 5 placed | 12 looked | 19 flew |
| 6 went | 13 couldn't/could not | 20 put |
| 7 woke | 14 saw | 21 pulled out |

2

- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| 1 past | 5 past | 9 past | 13 past |
| 2 present | 6 present | 10 past | 14 present |
| 3 past | 7 past | 11 present | |
| 4 past | 8 past | 12 past | |

3

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| A did, spend | A did, stay |
| B went | B stayed |
| A Did, go | A was |
| B didn't, was | B had, was |
| A did, travel | |
| B flew | |

4

- | | | |
|------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1 lived | 14 was | 27 woke up |
| 2 laughed | 15 laughed | 28 remembered |
| 3 called | 16 sat | 29 ran |
| 4 asked | 17 was | 30 could |
| 5 answered | 18 became | 31 reached |
| 6 tried | 19 didn't stop | 32 did ... see |
| 7 couldn't | 20 passed | 33 was |
| 8 walked | 21 didn't stop | 34 asked |
| 9 went | 22 reached | 35 was |
| 10 reached | 23 became | 36 couldn't |
| 11 was | 24 looked up | 37 won |
| 12 turned | 25 saw | 38 got |
| 13 looked | 26 began | |

5

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 1 playing | 9 making |
| 2 write | 10 shake |
| 3 lying | 11 stopping |
| 4 cry | 12 die |
| 5 sitting | 13 swimming |
| 6 shine | 14 do |
| 7 carrying | 15 putting |
| 8 dance | 16 run |

6

+	-	?
	He wasn't waiting for the bus.	Was he waiting for the bus?
We were crying.		Were we crying?
She was standing outside.	She wasn't standing outside.	
	You weren't biting your nails	Were you biting your nails?
They were swimming in the sea.	They weren't swimming in the sea.	
It was snowing.		Was it snowing?

7

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Ann was | Ann were, were, was, were |
| Bob Were | Bob was, were |
| Ann weren't, were | |

8

- 2a Tim is playing football (now).
 2b Yesterday at 4 pm he was playing the guitar.
 3a Mr. and Mrs. Gordon are having breakfast / are having a snack.
 3b Yesterday at 10 am they were cycling / were riding their bikes.
 4a Daisy is listening to music.
 4b Yesterday at 1 pm she was making/baking a cake.
 5a Claire and Kelly are playing tennis.
 5b Yesterday at 5.30 pm they were playing the piano.
 6a Jack is sleeping.
 6b Yesterday at 9 pm he was watering the flowers.

9

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| A | B | C |
| 2 was dreaming | 1 was playing | 1 were travelling |
| 3 was feeling | 2 was cooking | 2 were sitting |
| 4 was thinking | 3 was working | 3 were drinking |
| | 4 was looking | 4 were dancing |
| | 5 was coming | 5 was playing |
| | 6 was blowing | 6 were having |
| | 7 was spinning | 7 were staying |
| | | 8 were beating |
| | | 9 were singing |
| | | 10 dancing |
| | | 11 was getting |

10a

- 2 Tommy and Dan were playing their trumpets.
 3 Grandma and grandpa were watching TV.
 4 Mr Ford was repairing the car.
 5 Samantha was studying and listening to music.
 6 The dog was in the garage with Mr Ford.
 It was barking.

10b

- 2 No, they weren't. They were watching TV.
 3 No, she wasn't. She was preparing dinner and listening to the radio.
 4 No, she wasn't. She was studying and listening to music.
 5 No, they weren't. They were playing their trumpets.
 6 No, it wasn't. It was barking.

12

Yes we were, but we didn't hear anything because we were all busy.
I was preparing dinner and listening to the radio .
In the garage. He was repairing the car .
No, they weren't . They were in their room. They were playing the trumpets.
They were watching TV. And they put the volume on high because they don't hear well.
Well, Samantha was in her room. She was studying and listening to music .
Not really. He only likes playing. He was in the garage with my husband.

14

- Where was he standing?
- What was he pulling down?
- What were they drinking?
- How were they dancing?
- Who was hugging and kissing?
- When/What time was the house shaking?
- Why wasn't he sleeping?

15a

- 4 Bruna: ride an elephant
- 5 Rico: slide down the pole
- 2 the lion: jump through a hoop
- 8 Galeno: climb a ladder
- 3 Gino and Delmar: do cartwheels
- 6 Alma: ride a horse
- 7 Olinda: swing on the trapeze
- 1 Tadeo: juggle

15b

Bruna was riding an elephant.
 Alma was riding a horse.
 Tadeo was juggling.
 Olinda was swinging on the trapeze.
 Gino and Delmar were doing cartwheels.
 Galeno was climbing a ladder.
 Rico was sliding down the pole.
 The lion was jumping through a hoop.

16

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 2 slowly | 15 landslides |
| 3 volcano | 16 ocean |
| 4 earthquakes | 17 waves |
| 5 faults | 18 flood |
| 6 surface | 19 fires |
| 7 visible | 20 break |
| 8 deep | 21 pipelines |
| 9 focus | 22 protect |
| 10 epicentre | 23 doorframe |
| 11 damage | 24 outdoors |
| 12 destroy | 25 steep |
| 13 injured | 26 power lines |
| 14 rivers | |

Were you at home?
What were you doing?
Where was your husband?
And your sons? Were they in the garden?
What about your parents? What were they doing ?
I see. And where was your daughter?
What about Rex? Isn't he a good watchdog?

17

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 shakes | 5 collapse | 9 break out |
| 2 move; erupts | 6 change | 10 break; explode |
| 3 collide; slide | 7 trigger/cause | |
| 4 cause; destroy/
damage; kill | 8 create/cause/
trigger; flood | |

18

- | | | |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 2 epicentre | 9 Earth | 16 landslides |
| 3 country | 10 caused | 17 buried |
| 4 holiday | 11 struck | 18 floods |
| 5 shake | 12 harbour | 19 homeless |
| 6 buildings | 13 villages | 20 travelled |
| 7 quake | 14 systems | 21 hundreds |
| 8 hit | 15 farms | 22 bell |

19

- Mr Rogers was having dinner when the ceiling crashed down on him.
- Angelina was scuba diving when she saw a shark.
- Igor was skating on a frozen lake when the ice cracked.
- Daisy was walking through long grass when a snake bit her.
- They were having a beach barbecue when it started to rain.

20 (predlog rešitve)

- ... I met a friend.
- We were playing in the city park ...
- ... the washing line broke.
- We were having a party...
- ... the postman arrived / the telephone rang.
- We were having a picnic ...
- ... the lift got stuck.
- She was skiing ...
- ... the lights went out.
- He was cleaning the attic ...
- ... he cut himself.
- I was standing on the teacher's desk ...

21

- He was eating a peach when he broke a tooth.
- They were driving along a lonely road when they saw a vampire hitch-hiking.
- She was window shopping when a thief stole her bag.

- 5 They were watching TV when it blew up.
- 6 She was playing by the pond when a goose attacked her.
- 7 They were rolling out a red carpet when the Queen arrived.
- 8 She was sitting in the garden when a wasp stung her on the nose.
- 9 He was doing his homework when his pen broke.

22

- 1 What were you doing when the lights went out? – I was having a bath.
- 2 What was Mr Jackson doing when the TV set blew up? – He was putting the children to bed.
- 3 What were you doing when the accident happened? – We were driving to the station.
- 4 What was Linda doing when her parents got home? – She was having a party.
- 5 What were they doing when the fire started? – They were doing the shopping.
- 6 What were you doing when it started to rain? – We were having a picnic.

23

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 was preparing / (prepared) | 8 met |
| 2 was having, went out | 9 didn't hear, was working |
| 3 did ... break | 10 was repairing |
| 4 woke up, was raining | 11 didn't go out, was raining |
| 5 lost | 12 were sitting, started |
| 6 were singing / (sang) | 13 was playing, cut |
| 7 were driving, saw | 14 was doing, came |
| | 15 was climbing, broke |

24

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2 rang | 8 rang | 14 was telling |
| 3 were talking | 9 answered | 15 rang |
| 4 ran | 10 brought | 16 opened |
| 5 saw | 11 gave | 17 was/were |
| 6 went off | 12 closed | standing |
| 7 was cleaning | 13 called back | 18 asked |

25

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2 was making; heard | 7 was laughing; fell off |
| 3 was blowing; crashed | 8 was window-shopping; knocked |
| 4 called; was chatting | |
| 5 was sitting; fell | 9 were talking about; came in |
| 6 were dancing; started | 10 was looking for; discovered |

26 (predlog rešitve)

shake	shook	In 1895, an earthquake shook Ljubljana.
wake up	woke up	He woke up with a start when the alarm clock rang.
lose	lost	My father lost his lottery ticket.
fall down	fell down	She slipped and fell down.
steal	stole	Someone stole £2,000 from the office yesterday.
cut	cut	I took a knife and cut the cake.
burn	burnt/ burned	I touched the iron and burnt/burned myself.
run	ran	She ran upstairs and threw herself on the bed.

27

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1a Drevo je padalo. | 1b Drevo je padlo. |
| 2a Prečkal/a sem ulico,
ko sem ga zagledal/a.
Ko sem (ravno) prečkal/a
ulico, sem ga zagledal/a.
Medtem ko sem prečkal/a
ulico, sem ga zagledal/a. | 2b Ko sem (že) prečkal/a
ulico, sem ga zagledal/a.
Ko sem prišel/prišla na
drugo stran ulice, sem ga
zagledal/a. |
| 3a Vincent je rezal kruh. | 3b Urezal se je. |
| 4a Tekli so po cesti. /
Tekli so vzdolž ulice. | 4b Hitro so stekli čez cesto. |
| 5a Fantje so kradli v trgovini. | 5b Ukradli so veliko denarja. |
| 6a Telefon je zvonil. | 6b Telefon je zazvonil. |
| 7a Ga. Robinson je
pripravljala/
kuhala večerjo. | 7b Ga. Robinson je pripravila/
skuhala večerjo/kosilo. |

28

Past Continuous	Past Simple
David was writing a letter. <i>David je pisal pismo.</i>	David wrote a letter. <i>David je napisal pismo.</i>
The earth was shaking. <i>Tla so se tresla.</i>	The earth shook. <i>Tla so se zatresla.</i>
We weren't swimming. <i>Nismo plavali.</i>	We didn't swim. <i>Nismo plavali.</i>
Were you having a bath? <i>Ali si se (ravno takrat) kopal/a?</i>	Did you have a bath? <i>Ali si se skopal/a?</i>
I wasn't reading a book. <i>Nisem bral/a knjige.</i>	I didn't read a book. <i>Nisem (pre)bral/a knjige.</i>
Why was she crying? <i>Zakaj je jokala?</i>	Why did she cry? <i>Zakaj je (za)jokala?</i>
The girls were cleaning their room. <i>Dekleti(a) sta/so pospravljali/ čistili sobo.</i>	The girls cleaned their room. <i>Dekleti/a sta/so pospravili/počistili sobo.</i>

29

- Meg** (to David) No, he doesn't. He doesn't see a spaceship every night.
- Meg** (to Tom) No, you don't. You don't see a spaceship every night.
- Meg** (to David) No, he wasn't. He wasn't having a bath.
- Meg** (to Tom) No, you weren't. You weren't having a bath.
- Meg** (to David) No, they weren't. They weren't playing cards.
- Meg** (to Tom)
- Meg** (to David) No, they don't. They don't like him very much.
- Meg** (to Tom) No, they don't. They don't like you very much.
- Meg** (to David) No, I'm not. I'm not in love with Sam.
- Meg** (to Tom)
- Meg** (to David) No, it won't. It won't rain tomorrow.
- Meg** (to Tom)
- Meg** (to David) No, I'm not. I'm not lying.
- Meg** (to Tom)
- Meg** (to David) No, he isn't. He isn't clever (at all).
- Meg** (to Tom) No, you're not. You're not clever (at all).
- Meg** (to David) No, I didn't. I didn't break a vase.
- Meg** (to Tom)
- Meg** (to David) No, he can't. He can't stand on his head.
- Meg** (to Tom) No, you can't. You can't stand on your head.

30

- | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1 hired | 4 stopped | 7 waved |
| 2 was driving | 5 raised | 8 stopped |
| 3 heard | 6 saw | 9 explained |

31

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 was driving | 12 pulled |
| 2 was driving | 13 pulled |
| 3 saw | 14 pulled |
| 4 stopped | 15 thought |
| 5 got out | 16 looked/was looking |
| 6 was | 17 noticed |
| 7 looked | 18 gave |
| 8 was crossing/crossed | 19 grabbed |
| 9 went | 20 put |
| 10 noticed | 21 continued |
| 11 told | |

32

- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2 were | 12 stopped | 21 was serving |
| 3 went out | 13 had to | 22 went out |
| 4 remained | 14 was | 23 dropped |
| 5 stopped | 15 were | 24 wanted |
| 6 were travelling | 16 became | 25 cut |
| 7 couldn't | 17 was playing | 26 was screaming/
screamed |
| 8 had to | 18 were talking | 27 was crying |
| 9 became | 19 were playing | 28 didn't mind |
| 10 lasted | 20 was/
were singing | 29 came back |
| 11 stopped | | |

33

- 1 When was JD born?
- 2 Where was he born?
- 3 When did his mother die?
- 4 Where did he grow up?
- 5 In how many films did he act?
- 6 When did he die? / How did he die?
- 7 What did his death cause?

34

- | | | |
|------------|-------------|----------|
| 2 Which | 9 How long | 16 Which |
| 3 What | 10 What | 17 What |
| 4 Whose | 11 Why | 18 When |
| 5 How | 12 How many | 19 Who |
| 6 How long | 13 Who | 20 What |
| 7 What | 14 How | |
| 8 Which | 15 What | |

35

- 1 What do Bob and Jim like?
- 2 What started at 9 o'clock?
- 3 What do earthquakes cause?
- 4 What costs more than sugar?
- 5 What lasted about an hour and a half?
- 6 What was the landslide blocking?
- 7 What did children use every day?
- 8 What makes a lot of noise?
- 9 What will the Blacks have at 6 pm?
- 10 What destroyed seaside villages?

36

- 1 Who works in a hospital?
- 2 Who did Daisy often phone?
- 3 Who often goes to the funfair?
- 4 Who did you know very well?
- 5 Who is visiting their grandparents?
- 6 Who does Mark love?
- 7 Who did you see every morning?
- 8 Who will help his mother with the housework?

37

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| What seems wrong? | What frightens you? |
| What do you hear? | Who wants to kill you? |
| Who laughs? | Who was trying to kill you? |
| Who did you hear? | |
| Who was laughing? | |
| What is wrong? | |

38a

- 1 What did Beauty break? – The spell.
- 2 What did the Queen put on the first mattress? – A tiny green pea.
- 3 Who saw a little house made of cake? – Hansel and Gretel.
- 4 Who did the wicked witch want to cook and eat? – Hansel.
- 5 What blinded the prince? – Sharp thorns.
- 6 Who had a magic mirror? – The new Queen.
- 7 What did Sleeping Beauty prick on a spindle? – Her finger.
- 8 What put Snow White to sleep? – A poisoned comb.
- 9 What did a young prince hear? – Rapunzel's sweet singing.
- 10 Who did the huntsman take into the forest? – Snow White.
- 11 Who blew down the house of straw? – The wolf.
- 12 What fell into the well? – The golden ball.
- 13 What did the ugly duckling see in the water? – His own reflection.
- 14 Who put Snow White in a glass coffin? – The dwarfs.
- 15 What did the wicked witch like to eat? – Little children.
- 16 What woke up Sleeping Beauty? – The Prince's kiss.

38b

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Beauty and the Beast: 1 | Sleeping Beauty: 7, 16 | The Princess and the Pea: 2 |
| Hansel and Gretel: 3, 4, 15 | Snow White: 6, 8, 10, 14 | The Three Little Pigs: 11 |
| Rapunzel: 5, 9 | The Frog Prince: 12 | The Ugly Duckling: 13 |

39

- 1 Where did the fire break out?
- 2 How much does Mr Smith earn a year?
- 3 How long / For how long were the buildings shaking?
- 4 Who did the police catch yesterday?
- 5 What does Matthew have to be like as a shop assistant?
- 6 How long will it take me to get there (by car)?
- 7 How are they laughing?
- 8 Where did many children have to work in the 19th century?
- 9 What happened in 2008?
- 10 How can they speak English?
- 11 What did the thief steal?
- 12 How often must Martha go shopping?

40

- 10 bell-bottoms
- 13 gloves
- 2 high heel shoes
- 6 platform shoes
- 3 trainers / sneakers
- 17 polo-neck / turtleneck sweater
- 22 scarf
- 7 wrap-around skirt
- 8 shirt
- 19 hooded T-shirt / hoody
- 11 sweatshirt
- 15 belt
- 20 braces / suspenders
- 14 blouse
- 1 beret
- 21 cap
- 4 dress
- 18 shorts
- 9 suit
- 5 tracksuit / running suit
- 16 jacket
- 12 bow tie

41

- 4 (a pair of) stockings
- 1 bra
- 12 (a pair of) socks
- 5 underpants
- 8 (a pair of) tights
- 7 slip (or: petticoat)
- 9 (a pair of) long johns; long underwear
- 3 vest
- 6 panties
- 2 swimming-trunks (US bathing suit)
- 10 swimsuit
- 11 (a pair of) pyjamas

42a

- 1 ankle boots
- 8 platform shoes
- 14 flip flops
- 19 moccasins
- 3 hiking boots
- 10 clogs
- 16 sandals
- 20 flats
- 6 rubber boots
- 11 high heel shoes
- 21 jelly shoes
- 23 slippers

42b

N	X	O	H	I	F	L	I	P	D	E	C	W	S	V
M	B	O	O	T	S	U	N	Y	C	R	K	P	W	N
C	L	O	G	S	T	Y	Z	E	F	T	D	L	D	V
Q	Z	S	V	S	A	N	D	A	L	S	H	A	H	V
E	E	L	J	H	P	R	I	H	I	D	F	T	A	Y
A	F	I	V	R	H	Z	B	U	P	B	L	F	T	K
F	M	P	M	Y	A	I	M	P	F	X	A	O	O	B
K	Z	P	C	Z	X	R	M	D	L	T	T	R	G	B
Z	W	E	L	L	I	N	G	T	O	N	S	M	Z	K
X	M	R	T	Y	H	D	A	G	P	K	A	S	U	Y
U	B	S	B	O	O	T	I	E	S	S	X	H	Y	K
D	M	E	Y	H	L	A	C	E	U	P	S	O	T	S
E	B	Q	V	A	P	S	Q	X	H	V	K	E	C	I
T	D	U	W	J	S	M	U	L	E	S	H	S	O	I
T	R	A	I	N	E	R	S	J	K	Q	O	H	A	N

- 1 boots
- 2 Wellingtons
- 3 platform shoes
- 4 lace-ups
- 5 clogs
- 6 mules
- 7 flip flops
- 8 sandals
- 9 trainers
- 10 flats
- 11 slippers
- 12 booties

42c

- 1 Wellies / Wellington boots / rain boots / rubber boots
- 2 clogs
- 3 slippers
- 4 jelly shoes/jellies
- 5 platform shoes / platforms
- 6 hiking/trail boots
- 7 thigh-high boots / over-the-knee boots
- 8 Mary Jane shoes
- 9 mules
- 10 many answers possible (flats, sandals, flip-flops, beach shoes, etc.)

44

- 2 T-shirt
- 3 sleeves
- 4 sweat
- 5 trousers
- 6 underwear
- 7 male
- 8 bother
- 9 accessories
- 10 clothes
- 11 wardrobe
- 12 sweatshirts
- 13 bottoms
- 14 skirts
- 15 bracelets
- 16 socks
- 17 style
- 18 handle
- 19 body
- 20 wear
- 21 different
- 22 trendy
- 23 comfortable
- 24 casual
- 25 hoodies
- 26 baggy
- 27 waist

45a

EYE COLOUR: blue, brown

BUILD: tall, short

CLOTHES: sweater, coat, shoes, tights, skirt, sweatshirt, shorts, trainers

HAIR COLOUR & STYLE: brown, fair, fair-haired, long, in bunches, light brown

GENERAL APPEARANCE: pretty, glasses, braces, a bruise, a cut, young

45b

- 2 AGE How old is she?
- 3 HEIGHT How tall is she?
- 4 WEIGHT How much does she weigh?
- 5 HAIR COLOUR What colour is her hair?
- 6 EYE COLOUR What colour are her eyes?
- 7 CLOTHES What is/was she wearing?

46

HAIR COLOUR & STYLE

grey, fair, long, short, curly, bald, black, dark, dreadlocks, greasy, in plaits, parting, ponytail, straight, wavy

EYE COLOUR

grey, black, dark

GENERAL APPEARANCE

cute, ugly, pretty, nice, good-looking, attractive, awesome, beautiful, tanned, pale

BUILD

thin, short, fat, slim, overweight, plump, skinny, stocky

OTHER

(teeth) braces, beard, beauty spot, freckles, moustache, piercing, wrinkles

47

BUILD

tall: short
fat: slim, thin, skinny
slim: fat, overweight, plump

HAIR

short: long
dark: fair; blond(e)
straight: curly, wavy

GENERAL APPEARANCE

ugly: beautiful, pretty, good-looking, handsome, cute, attractive, awesome
young: old
attractive: ugly, unattractive

SKIN/COMPLEXTION

pale: tanned

48

- 1 C – What is he like?
- 2 A – What does he like?
- 3 C – What is she like?
- 4 B – What does he look like?
- 5 A – What does he like?
- 6 B – What does she look like?

READING (str. 81)

1b (predlog rešitve)

- 1 Who was sitting in a car late one evening?
- 2 Where were they (sitting)?
- 3 What time was it?
- 4 What were they doing?
- 5 What came over the radio? / What did they hear (on the radio)?
- 6 Who escaped (from the insane asylum)?
- 7 What did the killer have in place of a hand?
- 8 Where did the killer escape from?
- 9 Who got scared?
- 10 What did she want (to do)?
- 11 How did the boy feel about that? / How did the boy react (to that)?
- 12 What was there on the door handle? / What did they see on the door handle?

2

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 About 3 million. | 7 A straight (connecting the Pacific Ocean and SF Bay). |
| 2 40. | 8 The City by the Golden Gate. |
| 3 Steep and high. | 9 Two. |
| 4 Cable cars. | 10 The population increased. |
| 5 In the north / On the northern tip of a peninsula. / On the Pacific Coast. | 11 An earthquake. |
| 6 Alcatraz. | |

3a

- | | | | |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1 had | 4 began | 7 man's | 10 coat |
| 2 traveller | 5 cold | 8 turn | 11 shade |
| 3 stronger | 6 rain | 9 clouds | |

3b

1 T 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 T 7 F 8 T

4a

- | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 closed | 6 came out | 12 turned |
| 2 went out | 7 followed | 13 said |
| 3 began | 8 stayed | 14 are ... doing |
| 4 was | 9 kicked | 15 are hurting / are going to hurt |
| 5 shone / was shining | 10 looked | |
| | 11 stopped | |

4b

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 On a very hot summer day. / In the middle of summer. | 6 A small boy. |
| 2 Very hot and sunny. | 7 Mr Brown's heels. / The fat man's heels. |
| 3 No. / No, there wasn't. | 8 Angry. / Cross. / Irritated. |
| 4 His shop. | 9 Because there wasn't any shade anywhere else in the street. / Because the man gave him shade. |
| 5 Fat. / He was fat. | |

5

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 Home (from school). | 8 Her necklace and belly button ring. |
| 2 A thunderstorm. | 9 Through her big toe. |
| 3 Lightning. | 10 A rebel. / Disobedient. / Unruly. |
| 4 In hospital. | 11 No. / No, she wasn't. |
| 5 Up to 1 billion. | 12 No. / No, she will not. |
| 6 It can cook you from the inside. | 13 She will have to leave her school. |
| 7 Heart, liver, lungs and bowels. | |

6

- | | | | |
|------------|------|------|------|
| 1 T | 4 F | 7 NG | 10 T |
| 2 T | 5 NG | 8 F | 11 T |
| 3 F / (NG) | 6 T | 9 T | 12 F |

7

I. The Defeat of the Lion and Crocodile:

- | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 was walking | 5 fell | 9 cut off |
| 2 heard | 6 sprang | 10 pushed |
| 3 saw | 7 were struggling | |
| 4 appeared | 8 took | |

II. The Baron Escapes from the Fish:

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------|
| 1 was swimming | 5 were sailing | 9 swam |
| 2 fell | 6 opened | 10 lay |
| 3 had | 7 heard | |
| 4 played | 8 told | |

III. The Baron's Horse Drinks in the Market Place:

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 stopped | 7 was missing | 11 rushed / was rushing |
| 2 led | 8 ran out / was running out | 12 was |
| 3 let | 9 came in / coming in | 13 running about |
| 4 drank | 10 saw | 14 brought |
| 5 drank | | 15 sewed |
| 6 drank | | 16 grew up |

IV. The Astonishing Effects of a Storm:

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| 1 lay | 4 passed |
| 2 tore up | 5 fell |
| 3 carried | 6 took |

WRITING (str. 88)**7** (predlog rešitve)

Little Mr Jones and Mr Henderson were both cycling along, thinking about the road ahead of them. Neither was paying much attention, and that's why they crashed into each other. Mr Henderson was very angry at Mr Jones, because his bicycle was a mess. The front wheel was broken beyond repair. But Mr Jones had an idea! He removed the broken front wheel, and attached Mr Henderson's bicycle to his own. They happily rode away on a bicycle built for two.

8 (predlog rešitve)

In the first picture two workmen were cleaning a second-storey window of a large building. They were standing in a cradle. One of the ropes was frayed and suddenly broke. One of the workmen fell to the ground and got injured. The workman in the cradle shouted for help. Two other workmen came to help the workman in the cradle. One of them was lowered on a rope from the third storey. He helped the workman in the cradle to climb onto the window-ledge. Someone called an ambulance. The ambulance arrived. The ambulance men put the injured workman on a stretcher and covered him with a blanket. They took him to hospital where he was treated for shock.

CULTURE (str. 92)**1**

- 1 Between 1845 and 1852.
- 2 Potatoes.
- 3 A potato disease.
- 4 Poor people without their own land. – No, they didn't. They rented it.
- 5 Britain.
- 6 Indian corn.
- 7 Soup kitchens.
- 8 3 million.
- 9 Because the government expected that the next crop of potatoes would be good.
- 10 To the workhouses.
- 11 Because they were overcrowded and diseases spread quickly.
- 12 Britain, the USA, Canada and Australia.
- 13 Because many of those who died or emigrated were from the parts where Irish was spoken.
- 14 Angry. / They had bitter feelings towards Britain. / They felt resentful towards Britain. – Because they believed that the English government had not done enough to help the poor people.
- 15 In 1921.
- 16 A million.
- 17 Because there are many memorials to this event.

ENGLISH ACROSS THE CURRICULUM

(str. 94)

1a

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1 lightning | 6 droughts |
| 2 wildfires | 7 tornadoes |
| 3 avalanches | 8 tsunamis |
| 4 floods | 9 volcanoes |
| 5 hurricanes | 10 earthquakes |

1b

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 – 2 (wildfire) | 6 – 10 (earthquake) |
| 2 – 9 (volcano) | 7 – 5 (hurricane) |
| 3 – 6 (drought) | 8 – 7 (tornado) |
| 4 – 8 (tsunami) | 9 – 3 (avalanche) |
| 5 – 1 (lightning) | 10 – 4 (floods) |

2

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| A – man-made | H – man-made |
| B – man-made | I – natural |
| C – natural | J – man-made |
| D – natural | K – man-made / natural |
| E – natural | L – natural |
| F – natural / man-made | M – man-made |
| G – natural | |

3a

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 – b (Greece) | 4 – b (metal) |
| 2 – a (the 3rd century B.C.) | 5 – a (True) |
| 3 – a (30 m tall) | 6 – a (an earthquake) |

1

- | | | |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1 volcano | 6 cave | 11 kitchen |
| 2 park | 7 tent | 12 library |
| 3 tunnel | 8 cellar | 13 bridge |
| 4 attic | 9 pavement | 14 sky |
| 5 ocean | 10 sidewalk | 15 island |

2

- | | | |
|------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1 upstairs | 5 basement | 9 utility room |
| 2 floor | 6 study | 10 balcony |
| 3 garden | 7 parking | 11 driveway |
| 4 garage | 8 lift, stairs | 12 bathroom |

3

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 cooking | 7 hoovering | 13 cleaning |
| 2 washing | 8 dusting | 14 wash |
| 3 hang out | 9 make | 15 sweep |
| 4 shopping | 10 clean | 16 cut/mow |
| 5 ironing | 11 water | 17 rubbish |
| 6 washing up | 12 dry up | |

4 (predlog rešitve)

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 1 My dad does. /
The washing machine does. | 5 My mum does. |
| 2 We all do. | 6 My dad does. |
| 3 My brother does. | 7 My sister does. |
| 4 I do. | 8 My dad does. /
Nobody does. |

8

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 2 shopping | 9 puts |
| 3 puts (everything) away | 10 takes |
| 4 empties | 11 hangs (it) out |
| 5 cleans | 12 cooks/makes |
| 6 cleans | 13 washing-up |
| 7 cleans | 14 ironing |
| 8 washing/laundry | 15 hoovering |

9 (predlog rešitve)

- I have my hair cut once a year.
- I never rake leaves.
- I take a shower every day.
- I go to the cinema three times a month.
- I am late for school once in a while.
- I never go skiing.
- I go to the dentist's regularly.
- I seldom cry.
- I play truant from time to time.
- I never bully schoolmates.

10

- We've got English **three times a week**.
- Roger **often** plays the guitar.
- Nicoletta has a day off **once a week**. / **Once a week**, Nicoletta has a day off.
- Timothy goes to kindergarten **every day**.
- The Harrisons **usually** go to bed early.

- Nicoletta **never** goes to bed before midnight.
- Roger **sometimes** went to the supermarket for Mr Nelson. / **Sometimes** Roger went to the supermarket for Mr Nelson.
- My father got home **at 5 pm**. / **At 5 pm**, my father got home.
- Tim is **sometimes** late for school.
- Mr Black will come **in December**.
- Peggy goes swimming **once in a while**. / **Once in a while**, Peggy goes swimming.
- Jim had a pizza **two hours ago**.
- The Browns **seldom** went to the countryside.
- We go on holiday **twice a year**.

11

- | | | |
|------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1 teens | 9 iron | 17 supermarket |
| 2 husband | 10 mess | 18 Hoover |
| 3 house | 11 clothes | 19 yard |
| 4 dog | 12 floor | 20 leaves |
| 5 twice | 13 tidy | 21 bowls |
| 6 pocket | 14 tank | 22 loads |
| 7 shopping | 15 times | |
| 8 ironing | 16 dishwasher | |

12

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 5 (Welsh) dresser | 7 chair | 13 sink |
| 1 armchair | 19 chest of drawers | 14 sofa |
| 4 bath | 8 cooker (stove) | 15 stairs |
| 6 bed | 9 cupboard | 16 table |
| 25 bedside table (AmE night table) | 24 curtains | 21 vase of flowers |
| 20 bookcase | 10 door | 18 wardrobe |
| 23 carpet | 22 fireplace | 3 washbasin |
| | 11 fridge | 2 washing machine |
| | 12 shower | 17 window |

13

- | | | |
|------------|------------|------------------|
| 1 stairs | 6 wardrobe | 11 bookcase |
| 2 walls | 7 desks | 12 armchair |
| 3 floor | 8 chair | 13 bedside table |
| 4 rugs | 9 lamp | 14 beds |
| 5 curtains | 10 shelves | 15 poster |

14 (predlog rešitve)

- Sitting room:** (Welsh dresser), armchair, bookcase, carpet, coffee table, fireplace, lamp, painting, sofa, stereo unit, TV set
- Dining-room:** Welsh dresser, carpet, chair, lamp, painting, sideboard, table
- Kitchen:** (Welsh dresser), chair, cooker/stove, cupboard, dishwasher, fridge, oven, sink, table, (washing machine)
- Bedroom:** bed, bedside table, carpet, chest of drawers, desk, dressing table, lamp, mirror, painting, wardrobe
- Bathroom:** bath, bathroom cabinet, bathroom scales, mirror, shower, (sink), washbasin, washing machine

24

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 She's brushed her hair. | 4 He's bought a new car. |
| 2 She's cut herself. | 5 He's made a cake. |
| 3 He's won the cup. | 6 They've had a meal. |

25 (predlog rešitve)

- I've tidied (up) my room.
- I haven't swept the yard.
- I've been to a museum. / I've visited a museum.
- I've read my favourite magazine.
- I haven't walked the dog. / I haven't taken the dog out for a walk.
- I've made a cake.

26

I've (already) phoned him/her.	I've fed them/the fish.
I've listened to it/music.	I've walked it/him/her/ the dog.
I've already tidied it/my room.	
I've read it/a comic.	
I've played it/a computer game.	

27

- I've already combed it.
- I've just wrapped it.
- I've already opened it.
- I've just changed (into clean clothes).
- I've already swept it.
- I've just drunk it.
- I've already put them on the cake.
- I've already bought it.
- I've just had some.

28

- Yes, it has arrived.
- No, he has moved it.
- Yes, we have bought them.
- No, he hasn't brought them yet.
- Yes, he's read it.
- No, Nicoletta hasn't emptied it yet.
- Yes, I've opened it.

29a

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 has had | 4 has closed |
| 2 has washed | 5 has locked |
| 3 hasn't fed, yet | 6 hasn't turned out, yet |
| | 7 has done |

29b

Mrs Green **Have** you **had** your supper **yet**?
 Mrs Green **Have** you **washed** the dishes **yet**?
 Peggy Yes, I've **already** washed them.
 Mrs Green **Have** you **fed** the cat?
 Peggy Oh, no, not **yet**.
 Mrs Green **Have** you closed them?
 Peggy Yes, Mum. I've **already** closed them.
 Mrs Green **Have** you **locked** the doors?
 Peggy I've **locked** the doors.
 Mrs Green **Have** you **turned out** the lights **yet**?
 Peggy No, not **yet**.
 Peggy No, I **haven't**.

29c

- Has** she **washed** the dishes **yet**? – Yes, she has.
- Has she **fed** the cat **yet**? – No, not yet. / No, she hasn't.
- Has** she **closed** the windows **yet**? – Yes, she has.
- Has she **locked** the door **yet**? – Yes, she has.
- Has** she **turned out** the lights **yet**? – No, not yet. / No, she hasn't.
- Has she **done** her homework **yet**? – Yes, she has.

30

- A tree has crashed onto a lorry.
- The winds have smashed the windows.
- The hurricane has blown the trees over.
- The waves have thrown the boats onto the rocks.
- The wind has blown a car onto the beach.

31a

- They haven't collected firewood yet. / They still haven't collected firewood.
- He hasn't cut the grass yet. / He still hasn't cut the grass.
- They've already climbed the hill.
- They've already collected water. / (They still haven't collected water).

31b

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2 already, already | 4 yet, yet |
| 3 yet, yet, still | 5 already, already |
| | 6 yet, already |

32 (predlog rešitve)

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2 written / opened / read / answered | 9 visited |
| 3 eaten (up) | 10 eaten / had |
| 4 opened / cleaned / broken / closed | 11 hurt / broken |
| 5 scored | 12 stopped / started |
| 6 lost / put on | 13 had |
| 7 done | 14 bought |
| 8 prepared / performed | 15 taken |

33a

- She is in pain.
- He looks frightened.
- She is crying with joy.
- They look worried.
- He feels sick.
- They look very happy.

33b

- She's in pain because she's broken her leg.
- He looks frightened because he's seen a ghost.
- She's crying with joy because she's won a gold medal.
- They look worried because their son hasn't come home yet.
- He feels sick because he's eaten too much dinner.
- They look very happy because they've won in a lottery.

34

- 2 He's been to the newsagent's.
- 3 They've been to the butcher's.
- 4 They've been to the chemist's.
- 5 She's been to the grocer's.
- 6 He's been to the greengrocer's.

35

	nedoločnik	pravilni	nepravilni
3	buy		✓
4	come		✓
5	look	✓	
6	fall		✓
7	make		✓
8	climb	✓	
9	shake		✓
10	go		✓
11	clean	✓	
12	want	✓	
13	water	✓	
14	do		✓
15	empty	✓	
16	wash	✓	
17	write		✓
18	read		✓
19	close	✓	
20	break		✓

36

nedoločnik	preteklik	pretekli deležnik	prevod
empty	emptied	emptied	izprazniti
come	came	come	priiti
go	went	gone	iti
wash	washed	washed	umiti
take	took	taken	vzeti
sweep	swept	swept	pomesti
write	wrote	written	pisati
eat	ate	eaten	jesti
read	read	read	brati
break	broke	broken	zlomiti
catch	caught	caught	ujeti
buy	bought	bought	kupiti
kill	killed	killed	ubiti
get	got	got	dobiti
put	put	put	položiti
drink	drank	drunk	piti
see	saw	seen	videti
tell	told	told	povedati
have	had	had	imeti
listen	listened	listened	poslušati

37

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2 've gone/have gone | 9 wanted, couldn't |
| 3 've opened/have opened | 10 has seen, saw, was |
| 4 was, was | 11 went, slipped, broke, couldn't |
| 5 Have ... chosen, bought | 12 's gone/has gone |
| 6 has forgotten, didn't say | 13 hasn't drunk |
| 7 has broken, fell | 14 painted, hasn't cut |
| 8 've lost/have lost, ran | |

38

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1 've lost | 4 had | 7 Have ... asked |
| 2 've looked | 5 was | 8 's put |
| 3 did ... have | 6 Has ... seen | 9 's gone |

39a

- 1 **Present simple:** She cooks dinner every day.
Vsak dan s/kuha kosilo.
- 2 **Present continuous:** She is cooking dinner now.
(Pravkar/Ta hip/Zdajle) kuha kosilo.
- 3 **Past simple:** She cooked dinner yesterday.
Včeraj je skuhala kosilo.
- 4 **Past continuous:** She was cooking dinner yesterday from 4 to 6 pm.
Včeraj med 4. in 6. uro popoldne je kuhala kosilo.
- 5 **Future simple:** She will cook dinner tomorrow.
Jutri bo skuhala kosilo.
- 6 **Present perfect simple:** She has just/already cooked dinner.
Pravkar je skuhala kosilo. / Kosilo je že skuhala.
- 7 **Future with 'going to':** She is going to cook dinner tomorrow.
Jutri bo skuhala kosilo. / Jutri namerava skuhati kosilo.

39b

- 1 + Bob and Jack have had (their) dinner.
– Bob and Jack haven't had (their) dinner (yet).
? Have Bob and Jack had (their) dinner (yet)?
– Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.
- 2 + Mrs Rogers will go to Spain next year.
– Mrs Rogers won't go / will not go to Spain next year.
? Will Mrs Rogers go to Spain next year?
– Yes, she will. / No, she won't.
- 3 + Californians were watching a baseball game yesterday at 5 pm.
– Californians weren't watching a baseball game yesterday at 5 pm.
? Were Californians watching a baseball game yesterday at 5 pm?
– Yes, they were. / No, they weren't.
- 4 + Brenda washed her hair yesterday.
– Brenda didn't wash her hair yesterday.
? Did Brenda wash her hair yesterday?
– Yes, she did. / No, she didn't.
- 5 + The Browns are watching TV (now).
– The Browns aren't watching TV (now).
? Are the Browns watching TV (now)?
– Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.
- 6 + Nicoletta comes from Italy.
– Nicoletta doesn't come from Italy.
? Does Nicoletta come from Italy?
– Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.
- 7 + James and Daisy are going to visit their grandparents at the weekend.
– James and Daisy aren't going to visit / are not going to visit their grandparents at the weekend.
? Are James and Daisy going to visit their grandparents at the weekend?
– Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

40

3, 9	PRESENT SIMPLE	G, K
13	PRESENT CONTINUOUS	J
6	PAST SIMPLE	I
4, 12	PAST CONTINUOUS	D, A
2, 10	PRESENT PERFECT	C
5, 8, 11, 14	FUTURE with <i>will</i>	B, E, L
1, 7	FUTURE with <i>going to</i>	H, F

41 (predlog rešitve)

- Have they cleaned their shoes yet?
- What do you do every morning/in the morning?
- What did you do at the weekend?
- How often do you go to the cinema?
- What's your favourite food?
- What are you going to do this Saturday?
- What is your (star/zodiac/astrological) sign?
- What is dad/brother doing?
- Was he wearing a hat?
- What will the weather be like tomorrow?

42a

- choose a dress
- climb a hill
- win a medal
- put up a notice
- lose a rucksack
- sweep the yard
- break a vase
- collect firewood
- paint the fence
- cut the grass
- have a shower

42b (predlog rešitve)

- I don't cut the grass. / Ne kosim trave.
- Were you sweeping the yard yesterday afternoon? / Si včeraj popoldne pometal/a dvorišče?
- I'm going to paint the fence tomorrow. / Jutri nameravam prebarvati ograjo.
- She hasn't broken a vase. / Ni razbila vaze.
- Will you have a shower after work? / Ali se boš po delu oprhal/a?
- They are not collecting firewood. / Ne nabirajo drv/dračja.
- She won a medal. / Osvojila je medaljo.

43

- were travelling
- put
- threw
- thought
- received
- write
- have decided
- won't cost / don't cost
- will ... travel

44

- has rained
- came
- wanted
- discovered
- managed
- heated
- caught
- put
- could
- went
- sent
- was raining
- went
- caught
- had
- bought
- caught
- said
- returned
- 'll be
- 'm starving

45a

- | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1 martial arts | 6 archery | 11 rodeo |
| 2 drama | 7 birdwatching | 12 sailing |
| 3 gardening | 8 clay shooting | 13 arts & crafts |
| 4 cowboy skills | 9 rock climbing | 14 trail riding |
| 5 animal care | 10 canoeing | 15 fishing |

46

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 planet | 7 harmful | 13 humans |
| 2 environmental | 8 rubbish | 14 air |
| 3 cars | 9 dumps | 15 rivers |
| 4 pollute | 10 survives | 16 chemicals |
| 5 jams | 11 recycling | 17 farmers |
| 6 place | 12 chimneys | 18 plants |

47

REDUCE	REUSE	RECYCLE
bike	refillable	plastic
bulbs	bags	cans
water	rechargeable	cardboard
food	paper	glass
less	crafts	compost

48

- | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 1 glass | 5 consumer | 9 deforestation |
| 2 cycle path | 6 walk | 10 water pollution |
| 3 tree | 7 natural | |
| 4 ruin | 8 solar power | |

49

B – green tips

- Buy drinks in returnable bottles.
- Buy products with little packaging.
- Buy things that will last.
- Don't leave them on. This wastes electricity. Switch off lights when not in use.
- Don't throw everything away. Reuse old things or donate them.
- Take showers, not baths. You use less water if you take showers.
- This wastes water. Don't let taps drip; turn them off firmly.
- Turn the water off when brushing your teeth. This saves water.
- Turn them off when you're not using them. This saves energy.
- Use a refillable water bottle.
- Use energy-saving bulbs.
- Wait until there are enough clothes to fill the washing machine.
- Walk, or use a bike, for short trips.
- You could install a rain barrel and collect rain water for your garden.
- You should recycle and sort your family rubbish.
- You should shop with reusable bags.
- You should use rechargeable ones.

50

useful; roots; leaves
cut down; cities; water
branches; names; fires

51 (predlog rešitve)

- 1 We must not cut down trees with a chain saw.
- 2 We mustn't drop/leave litter in the forest.
- 3 We must not make fires in the woods.
- 4 We mustn't play loud music.
- 5 We must not use/ride a motorbike in the forest.
- 6 We must not pour oil into rivers.

52

- | | | |
|----------|------------|---------|
| 1 thick | 5 friendly | 9 cubs |
| 2 length | 6 hungry | 10 milk |
| 3 Arctic | 7 claws | 11 hunt |
| 4 fish | 8 autumn | 12 fur |

53

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1 The Frog -Prince | <i>Žabji princ</i> |
| 2 The Hare and the Tortoise | <i>Zajec in želva</i> |
| 3 The Fox and the Grapes | <i>Lisica in kislo grozdje</i> |
| 4 The Ugly Duckling | <i>Grdi raček</i> |
| 5 Goldilocks and the Three Bears | <i>Zlatolaska in trije medvedki</i> |
| 6 Peter and the Wolf | <i>Peter in volk</i> |
| 7 The Three Little Pigs | <i>Trije prašički</i> |
| 8 The Wolf and the Seven Little Goats | <i>Volk in sedem kozličkov</i> |
| 9 Puss in Boots | <i>Obuti maček</i> |
| 10 The Lion King | <i>Levji kralj</i> |

54

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| R a mermaid | 14 | F Moby-Dick | 6 |
| Q a sphinx | 7 | H Nessie | 8 |
| E a unicorn | 15 | N Pegasus | 4 |
| D a werewolf | 9 | P Rosinante | 18 |
| C Bambi | 13 | I Snoopy | 2 |
| J Bucephalus | 17 | M the Minotaur | 1 |
| L King Kong | 12 | G Tom and Jerry | 11 |
| O Laika | 16 | A Winnie the Pooh | 10 |
| B Lassie | 3 | | |

55

- | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 2 few | 8 wise | 14 positive |
| 3 ending | 9 powers | 15 carriage |
| 4 kingdoms | 10 witches | 16 eggs |
| 5 mean | 11 innocent | 17 marry |
| 6 sevens | 12 defeated | 18 lesson |
| 7 wide | 13 sad | |

56 (predlog rešitve)

There are some/a few/a lot of **sandwiches** left.
 There's a lot of **pizza** and **bread** left.
 There's some/little **cheese** left. / There's not much cheese left. / There's only a little cheese left.
 There are not many **peanuts** left. / There are only a few peanuts left. / There are (very) few peanuts left. / There are hardly any peanuts left.
 There are not many **biscuits** left. / There are only a few biscuits left. / There are (very) few biscuits left. / There are hardly any biscuits left.
 There's (very) little **cake** left. / There's not much cake left. / There's hardly any cake left.

There's a lot of **milk** left.
 There are (very) few **apples** left. / There are hardly any apples left.
 There are some cans of **beer** left. / There's some beer left. / There's a lot of beer left.
 There's (very) little **orange juice** left. / There's not much orange juice left. / There's hardly any orange juice left. / There's only a little orange juice left.
 There's some **wine** left.
 There are some **crisps** left.
 There's some **butter** left.

57

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2 much / any | 7 few; many, (any) |
| 3 a lot of / lots of | 8 a lot of / some / a few / few |
| 4 any / much | 9 some / a few |
| 5 some / lots of / many / a few / few | 10 much |
| 6 any / many | |

58

- 1 a little; a few; a little
- 2 a lot of; many; a lot of; a lot of
- 3 a; much; some; many
- 4 How many; How much; How much; How many
- 5 little; a lot of; a few; a little; a few / a lot of

59

- | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|
| 1 little | 4 fewer | 7 loads of |
| 2 fewer | 5 little | 8 fewer |
| 3 a lot of | 6 fewer | |

READING (str. 133)

1

- | | | | |
|-----|------|------------|------|
| 1 F | 4 T | 7 T | 10 T |
| 2 F | 5 T | 8 T | 11 F |
| 3 T | 6 NG | 9 F / (NG) | |

2

	Australia	USA	Scotland
1		✓	
2		✓	✓
3		✓	
4			✓
5			✓
6	✓	✓	✓
7	✓		
8	✓		
9		✓	
10			✓
11	✓		
12		✓	
13			✓
14		✓	

3

- | | | | | |
|------|-----|--------|-------|-------|
| 1 NG | 4 T | 7 NG | 10 F | 13 NG |
| 2 T | 5 F | 8 T | 11 F | 14 T |
| 3 T | 6 F | 9 F NG | 12 NG | |

4

- 1 Reduce, reuse, recycle.
- 2 Yes, and also the hardest of the three R's.
- 3 Because we have to change our lifestyle.
- 4 Reusable (e.g. a cloth shopping bag).
- 5 Bottles.
- 6 Energy-efficient.
- 7 Less energy is used transporting them.
- 8 Rain water.
- 9 In art and craft projects (at schools and nurseries).
- 10 A tyre-swing.
- 11 Because we can compost them. / Because they can become compost.
- 12 Because it's pretty easy. / Because it has become pretty easy.
- 13 Because it can sometimes be confusing. / It's difficult to follow the recycling rules.
- 14 Recycling it (takes less energy).

5

- | | | | | |
|------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 1 NG | 3 T | 5 F | 7 F | 9 T |
| 2 F | 4 T | 6 T | 8 T | 10 T |

WRITING (str. 139)**4a** (predlog rešitve)

ocean → wide – fish – dolphins – whales – ships – deep

An ocean is deep and wide. It's the home of many fishes and mammals, like dolphins and whales. A lot of ships transport different goods all over the world.

5 (predlog rešitve)

One day Mr Granger was walking on the beach when he saw a bottle in the sea. He took the bottle and there was a message in it. He opened the bottle, took the message out and read it. Then he took the bottle and the message and went back to town. He looked for a bottle bank and threw the bottle into the bottle bank. Why? The message in the bottle read: "Whoever finds this message please recycle this bottle and take it to a bottle bank. Thank you. John Green – a nature lover"

6 (predlog rešitve)

There's a lot of fresh air, because there are many trees and very few factories. There are many parks and lots of playgrounds. There isn't much noise or litter, and there are many litter bins.

8 (predlog rešitve)

Carol Allen and her brothers were fishing in the River Ash. They were fishing for hours but they didn't catch anything. They got bored but then Carol finally caught a fish. Then she cooked it and ate it. Her brothers didn't want any because they don't like fish very much. So Carol ate it all. Some time later Carol didn't feel well. She had an awful stomach-ache. She told her parents. They sent her to bed. Her mother phoned the doctor. Half an hour later the doctor came and examined her. Carol was seriously ill. He said it was food poisoning. He phoned for an ambulance that took Carol to hospital. Then Carol's brothers remembered the fish. The next day Carol's family came to visit her in the hospital. She got better quickly. They told her that she was in the newspaper that day. There is a paper mill near the place where they were fishing last week. They had a problem in the mill and it started to pollute the river. That's why they couldn't catch any fish. They were all dead. Carol had eaten a poisoned fish.

CULTURE (str. 144)**1a**

- 7 You can shampoo hair in a salon.
- 5 You can wash cars.
- 3 You can be a waiter or a waitress.
- 2 You can deliver newspapers.
- 1 You can work in a shop.
- 8 You can do some work on a farm.
- 6 You can clean in a hotel.
- 4 You can work with some animals.
- 9 You can babysit.

ENGLISH ACROSS THE CURRICULUM

(str. 146)

1a

- 1 cottage
- 2 log cabin
- 3 office building / block of offices
- 4 mosque
- 5 hut
- 6 opera house
- 7 castle
- 8 palace
- 9 farm
- 10 apartment building / block of flats

LIFE IS (NOT) A FILM

unit 4

1

Mr and Mrs Important: have travelled, have met, have eaten

Liz Star: has made, hasn't been, has been, has ... been, has had

Jezebel Funky: has been, has recorded, have become, has shot, has ... received

Whitney Funloving: has done, has flown, has made, has driven, has done

Bob Bold: has hung, has ridden, has been, has fought

3

- | | |
|-----------|-------------------|
| 1 written | 6 had |
| 2 visited | 7 phoned / been |
| 3 been | 8 met / phoned |
| 4 broken | 9 played |
| 5 swum | 10 dreamt/dreamed |

7 (predlog rešitve)

- I've always wanted to have a speech in public.
- I've always wanted to write a poem.
- I've always wanted to be on TV.
- I've always wanted to watch a bullfight.
- I've always wanted to meet a famous person.

8 (predlog rešitve)

- I've never had a real friend, but I'd like to.
- I've never climbed Triglav, but I'd like to.
- I've never seen a shark, but I'd like to.
- I've never met a celebrity, but I'd like to.
- I've never played rugby, but I'd like to.

9 (predlog rešitve)

- The most boring book I've ever read is *The Mill on the Floss*.
- The best pop group I've ever heard is *My Chemical Romance*.
- The most beautiful place I've ever visited is *Venice, the city on water*.
- The most frightening film I've ever seen is *The Texas Chain Saw Massacre*.
- The highest mountain I've ever climbed is *Triglav*.
- The most horrible food I've ever eaten is *whole sheep's head*.

10

- Japan – a karate kimono
- Canada – a pillow / a Canadian flag pillow
- the USA – a Statue of Liberty souvenir / statuette / replica / figurine
- France – an Eiffel Tower souvenir / statuette / replica / figurine
- Greece – a (painted) vase
- Mexico – a (sombbrero) hat
- Spain – a (bullfight) poster / wall picture
- Hawaii (the USA) – a (sunset) poster
- Mali (Guinea, Ivory Coast, ...) – a drum

- Australia – a plush / cuddly / soft kangaroo toy
- Italy – a poster / wall picture (with She-Wolf and Romulus & Remus)
- Egypt – an Egyptian Pyramids poster / wall picture

11

- Haven't you had (enough for) supper?
- Haven't you read it yet?
- Haven't you seen this film already? / Haven't you had (the) time to do the dishes?
- Haven't you played volleyball before? / Have you never played volleyball?
- Haven't you been there yet/before?
- Haven't you ever learned English? / Have you (n)ever learned English?
- Haven't you received my message/invitation?

12

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|------------|
| 1 order | 5 cheese | 9 total |
| 2 large | 6 soda | 10 address |
| 3 extras | 7 chicken | 11 food |
| 4 olives | 8 salads | 12 policy |

13

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------|
| 1 girlfriend | 6 been | 11 cinema |
| 2 window | 7 order | 12 would |
| 3 menu | 8 good | 13 already |
| 4 different | 9 Tuesday | 14 went |
| 5 know | 10 soda | 15 ago |

14 (predlog rešitve)

EXPERIENCE Present Perfect	EXPERIENCE Past Tense
1 I've travelled to Canada.	1 I travelled there three years ago.
2 I've read Harry Potter.	2 I read/finished it last week.
3 I've climbed Triglav.	3 I climbed it last summer.
4 I've been on TV.	4 I was on TV a week ago.
5 I've seen a ghost.	5 I saw it last winter.

15

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 comes | 5 has worked |
| 2 has travelled | 6 got |
| 3 has had | 7 is working |
| 4 has worked | |

16 (predlog rešitve)

MY UPS OF THE WEEK	MY DOWNS OF THE WEEK
1 I've been to a nice restaurant with my friend.	1 I've broken my glasses.
2 I've kissed my girlfriend/boyfriend.	2 I've had a nightmare.
3 I've received a love letter.	3 I've hurt my finger.

17

You: Barbara, have you travelled a lot?

Barbara: Yes, I have.

You: Have you been to Great Britain (yet)? /
Have you (ever) been to Great Britain?

Barbara: Yes, I have.

You: When did you go there? / When were you there?

Barbara: I went there five months ago. / I was there
five months ago.

You: Have you (ever) been to the USA? / Have you
been to the USA (yet)?

Barbara: No, I haven't. / No, never. / No, not yet, but
I'd like to / I'd love to.

18

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 2 Have ... done, did ... | 6 met |
| begin, began | 7 has won |
| 3 Have ... read, read | 8 didn't like |
| 4 have seen / 've seen | 9 have seen / 've seen |
| 5 saw | |

19 (predlog rešitve)

- Action films** are often violent (suspenseful, exciting, fast-moving, ...).
- Sci-fi films** are often thought-provoking (educational, silly, ...).
- Rom-coms** are often romantic (funny, silly, predictable, ...).
- War films** are often bloody (violent, educational, ...).
- Horror films** are often frightening (bloody, predictable, disgusting, ...).
- Documentaries** are often educational (thought-provoking, absorbing, ...).
- Thrillers** are often suspenseful (absorbing, exciting, frightening, ...).
- Love stories** are often romantic (pleasant, touching, ...).
- Cartoons** are often funny (pleasant, violent, boring, ...).
- Comedies** are often funny (pleasant, predictable, silly, ...).

20

- | | | | |
|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| A | | | B |
| 1 cast | 5 scene | 9 reviews | 1 sequel |
| 2 set | 6 effects | 10 came | 2 trailer |
| 3 filmed | 7 stunts | 11 dubbed | 3 twist |
| 4 shot | 8 plot | 12 subtitles | 4 remake |

21

- Katy Perry **made** a lot of money. ✘
Katy Perry **has made** a lot of money. ✓
- Brad Pitt **has shot** his first film in 1989. ✘
Brad Pitt **shot** his first film in 1989. ✓
- Have** you ever **played** chess? ✓
Did you ever **play** chess? ✘
- Bob didn't do his homework yet. ✘
Bob **hasn't done** his homework yet. ✓
- When **did** they **come**? ✓
When **have** they **come**? ✘
- Benetton **opened** its first clothes shop
in Ljubljana in 1990. ✓
Benetton **has opened** its first clothes shop
in Ljubljana in 1990. ✘

- I **saw** Michael last summer. ✓
I **have seen** Michael last summer. ✘
- Mr Hill **has come** two hours ago. ✓
Mr Hill **came** two hours ago. ✓
- In 2008, Adele **has released** her first album. ✘
In 2008, Adele **released** her first album. ✓

22

- (a) Michaela sem že videl/a.
(b) Michaela sem videl/a prejšnje poletje.
- (a) Brad je posnel veliko filmov.
(b) Brad je svoj prvi film posnel leta 1989.
- (a) Roger je to knjigo že prebral.
(b) Roger je to knjigo prebral prejšnji mesec.
- (a) Daisy je že jedla žabje krake.
(b) Daisy je jedla žabje krake prejšnji teden.

23 (predlog rešitve)

- Have you ever played volleyball / football / baseball? /
Have you ever done any karate / horse riding?
- Why didn't Monica come to the party? Did you talk to her?
- Have you ever seen a lion / a tiger / an elephant?
- Did you go to the (*Bon Jovi*) concert yesterday?
- Have you ever been to the USA? / Have you been to the
USA (yet)?
- Have you ever played an instrument? / Have you ever
played the piano / the guitar / the violin?

24

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 2 left | 13 has been | 24 entered |
| 3 stayed | 14 wasn't | 25 made |
| 4 broke down | 15 enrolled | 26 became |
| 5 grew up | 16 has turned out | 27 earned |
| 6 came | 17 graduated | 28 has sold |
| 7 enjoyed | 18 recorded | 29 won |
| 8 did | 19 sent | 30 welcomed |
| 9 learned | 20 uploaded | 31 've ... been |
| 10 liked | 21 became | 32 've ... had |
| 11 has admired | 22 signed | 33 has made |
| 12 listened | 23 released | 34 has ... performed |

25

- The woman feels sad.
- The boy feels proud.
- The boy feels disappointed.
- The girl feels lonely.
- The boy feels hungry.
- The boy feels nervous.
- The girl feels frightened/scared.
- The boy feels excited.
- The boy feels angry.
- The boy feels surprised.
- The boy feels tired.
- The boy feels hot.
- The boy feels cold.
- The boy feels thirsty.
- The boy feels sick.
- The girl feels bored.
- The girl feels shy.
- The man/waiter feels embarrassed.

26

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| 2 sad/unhappy | 9 embarrassed |
| 3 frightened/scared | 10 sad/unhappy; angry/mad |
| 4 nervous | 11 sick |
| 5 cold | 12 tired |
| 6 surprised | 13 hungry |
| 7 angry/mad | 14 hot |
| 8 excited | 15 proud |
| | 16 disappointed; sad/unhappy;
mad/angry |
| | 17 lonely |

27a

	time expression
FOR (koliko časa?)	two hours, five years, ten minutes, a long time, three months
SINCE (od kdaj?)	2003, September 30, last week, Monday, 10:45, we/they were at school, last summer, Christmas, February

27b (predlog rešitve)

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 For a long time. | 6 since they were at school. |
| 2 Since Christmas. | 7 for three months. |
| 3 ten minutes. | 8 since last week. |
| 4 For three months. | 9 for five years. |
| 5 since 2003. | 10 since last summer. |

28 (predlog rešitve)

Opomba:

V vseh primerih morajo učenci izhajati iz časa, ko rešujejo to vajo (leto, mesec, dan, ura, svoj rojstni dan), zato lahko podamo samo predlog rešitev.

Date (datum reševanja vaje): 30 May 2016

Day: Tuesday

Time: 5 pm

My birthday: 30 September

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 for three (four, five) months | 6 for five months |
| 2 since 2011 | 7 since the 19 th century |
| 3 since (last) Friday | 8 for eight months |
| 4 since 3 pm | 9 for 13 years |
| 5 for six months | 10 for nine hours |

29 (predlog rešitve)

- I've known him/her for five years.
- I've had it since Christmas.
- I've been at my school for eight years.
- I've practised (basketball) for a year.
- I've learned/I've been learning English for six years.
- I've known her/him since 2014.
- I've worn them since last spring.
- I've had them for a long time.
- I've had it for one month.
- I've had it since February.

30

You: Roger, where do you live?

Roger: I live in Liverpool.

You: How long have you lived here / there / in Liverpool?

Roger: I've lived here / there for five years.

31

- How long have you known Peter?
– I've known him for two years.
- How long has Yvonne lived in Ljubljana?
– She's lived in Ljubljana since July.
- How long have Bob and Mary dated each other?
– They've dated each other for three months.
- How long has Mrs Rogers had a headache?
– She's had a headache for three hours.
- How long has Slovenia been independent?
– It's been independent since 1991.

32

Opomba:

Nekatere rešitve v tej vaji so odvisne od tega, katerega leta učenci uporabljajo delovni zvezek. Učenci naj temu prilagodijo svoje odgovore. Naše izhodišče je bilo maj l. 2016.

- He has lived in London since 2011 / for five years.
- She has been Great Britain's Queen since 1953 / for 63 years.
- He has had his pullover since last winter / for four months.
- They have been married since 2005 / for 11 years.
- have learned English since 2010 / for 6 years.
- She hasn't seen him since Christmas / for five months.
- They have known each other since 2010 / for 6 years.

33 (predlog rešitve)

Alice: Have you got a (new) camera / bike / watch / phone / tennis racket?

Peggy: Yes, I have.

Alice: How long have you had it?

Peggy: I've had for five months.

Alice: How much did it cost? / How much did you pay for it?

Peggy: It cost £54.

34

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 just/already | 5 never |
| 2 ever/already, yet | 6 since |
| 3 for | 7 already, ever/yet |
| 4 ago | 8 ever/already, never |

35

- twice, in April
- an hour ago, for an hour
- yesterday, yet
- , on holiday
- and I want it back now, last week

36

came, come	knew, known
saw, seen	made, made
wrote, written	went, gone
broke, broken	told, told
took, taken	had, had
found, found	read, read
ate, eaten	

37

- 1 Bob že vse življenje živi v Parizu.
- 2 Julia je v Shrewsburyju živela deset let.
- 3 Robert pozna Julio eno leto.
- 4 (Ta/Naš) avto imamo od lani / od lanskega leta.
- 5 Kako dolgo si že tu(kaj)?
- 6 Koliko časa / Kako dolgo si imel/a psa?
- 7 Tim je imel fotoaparata le/samo mesec dni.

38

- 1 How long has he been in Poland?
- 2 How long did you have it?
- 3 How long has he been dead?
- 4 How long did he collect them?
- 5 How long has he been in love with her?
- 6 How long have they dated each other?
- 7 How long did she work here?

39

- I A: I've got a bicycle / a bike.
 B: How long have you had it?
 A: I've had it for two years.
- II A: Do you know Roger?
 B: Yes, I do. / Yes, I know him.
 A: When did you meet him? / When did you meet? /
 When did you get to know him?
 B: I met him a month ago. / We met a month ago. /
 I got to know him a month ago.
 A: Really? / Did you? You've known him for a month!

40

- | | | | | |
|------|----------|-----|------|----------|
| 1 1a | 3 1a, 1b | 5 3 | 7 2 | 9 1a, 1b |
| 2 2 | 4 1b | 6 3 | 8 1a | 10 3 |

42a

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 15 an activity holiday | 13 a farm holiday |
| 14 an adventure holiday | 7 a hitchhiking holiday |
| 8 an ecological/
environmental camp | 1 a package holiday |
| 10 a backpacking holiday | 4 a scout holiday |
| 11 a beach/seaside holiday | 3 a sightseeing holiday |
| 9 a camping holiday | 2 a skiing holiday |
| 6 a cruise | 5 a touring holiday |
| | 12 a working holiday |

42b

- A – 11 (a beach/seaside holiday)
 B – 1 (a package holiday)
 C – 2 (a skiing holiday)
 D – 14 (an adventure holiday)
 E – 4 (a scout holiday)
 F – 3 (a sightseeing holiday)
 G – 8 (an ecological/environmental camp)
 H – 9 (a camping holiday)
 I – 5 (a touring holiday)
 J – 6 (a cruise)
 K – 7 (a hitchhiking holiday)
 L – 12 (a working holiday)
 M – 13 (a farm holiday)
 N – 15 (an activity holiday)
 O – 10 (a backpacking holiday)

42c

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------|------------|
| 1 skiing | 5 package | 9 farm |
| 2 touring | 6 camping | 10 working |
| 3 cruise | 7 hitchhiking | |
| 4 backpacking | 8 sightseeing | |

43

C	Y	X	I	N	R	H	G	W	O	C	D	A	E	S	V	N	F
L	L	C	C	K	X	V	J	S	O	C	S	V	T	R	A	M	H
T	R	R	L	W	A	Z	I	W	N	F	A	H	K	B	O	B	W
Z	Z	J	R	P	Z	W	K	U	K	O	O	B	I	B	L	C	G
C	B	I	T	R	S	G	M	K	R	P	W	H	L	P	I	N	W
F	B	T	R	A	I	N	A	O	S	P	H	M	V	E	K	H	M
G	F	F	C	P	B	O	A	T	P	Y	L	W	O	M	C	U	F
F	W	B	C	I	I	W	Q	X	I	E	I	T	G	B	Y	A	I
Q	W	U	J	B	K	L	F	D	Y	L	D	K	U	A	I	A	R
R	Z	V	V	V	E	P	L	A	N	E	I	R	G	B	R	L	Z
G	X	Y	U	H	K	U	B	P	M	V	Y	H	U	K	E	Q	E
I	S	L	T	U	M	V	O	F	E	R	R	Y	B	Q	K	O	Q

Manjkajoča beseda: tube

44 (predlog rešitve)

- They could borrow mountain bikes.
 They couldn't/could camp. [V prospektu ni navedeno, vendar se v resnici da kampirati.]
 They could do different sports.
 They could go in for boating.
 They could go in for fishing.
 They couldn't go in for grass skiing.
 They couldn't go in for windsurfing.
 They could go on walking tours.
 They could go pony-trekking.
 They could have "active" holidays.
 They could hike around the lake.
 They couldn't play table tennis.
 They could swim.
 They couldn't/could use a cable car. [V prospektu ni navedeno, vendar je v resnici mogoča vožnja z gondolsko žičnico.]
 They could walk in the fresh mountain air.

45

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 couldn't /
(were not able to) | 4 could / (were able to) |
| 2 could | 5 could |
| 3 could | 6 could / (was able to) |
| | 7 Can |

46 (predlog rešitve)

- 2 I'll be able to see dinosaurs.
- 3 I'll be able to see beautiful castles.
- 4 I'll be able to visit a sea aquarium.
- 5 I'll be able to visit a coal mine / a (textile) factory /
an orangery.
- 6 I'll be able to see/visit a showcave.
- 7 I'll be able to see Dylan Thomas' Boathouse.

47

+	-	?
She has to study English.		Does she have to study English?
	You won't have to do the washing up.	Will you have to do the washing up?
Tim had to help his father.	Tim didn't have to help his father.	
	She mustn't go now.	Must she go now?
We had to wait.		Did we have to wait?
We'll have to take a gas cooker.	We won't have to take a gas cooker.	

48 (predlog rešitve)

They/Girls mustn't wear make-up.
 They/Girls mustn't wear big jewellery.
 They mustn't wear trainers.
 They mustn't yawn in class.
 They/Girls mustn't wear short skirts.
 They mustn't turn their collars up. / They mustn't pop (up) their collars. / They mustn't wear their shirts with collars turned/popped up.
 They mustn't eat in class.
 They mustn't pass notes in class.
 They mustn't play with their hair.
 They mustn't tap on the desk.
 They mustn't cheat in exams.
 They mustn't use mobile phones in class.

49 (predlog rešitve)

Detention (staying after school for an hour):

You have to be/stay in detention. / You have to stay after school for an hour. / You have to spend an hour in detention.

Exclusion (being suspended from school):

You have to leave school (for good/forever).

A telling-off (the teacher is angry with you):

You have to be quiet. / You have to obey your teacher. / You have to stop making trouble/behaving badly/misbehaving/fooling around ...

Extra homework:

You have to do extra homework.

Standing outside the classroom:

You have to stand outside the classroom.

Isolation booths (you work alone for the day):

You have to work alone for the day.

A phone call informing parents:

The teacher has to make a phone call to parents. / The teacher has to inform parents (about their misbehaving child).

50

7 – A. 8 – D. 4 – G. 4 – J.
 2 – B. 1 – E. 9 – H. 7 – K.
 5 – C. 6 – F. 1 – I. 2 – L.

51

2 can 5 will be able to
 3 can't 6 can't
 4 mustn't 7 could

52

1 will have to
 2 mustn't
 3 can
 4 must, don't have to/
 needn't
 5 should
 6 had to
 7 can / (may)
 8 couldn't
 9 will ... be able to
 10 can't/cannot
 11 Could
 12 shouldn't
 13 Did ... have to
 14 will be able to/'ll be able to
 15 will ... have to
 16 don't have to/needn't

53

A1 – I won't be able to come tomorrow.
 A2 – She didn't have to take an alarm clock.
 A3 – Could you speak English five years ago?
 A4 – Can Barbara ski?
 B1 – Do you have to do the washing-up? / Do you have to wash the dishes?
 B2 – They couldn't find the library.
 B3 – You won't have to make your bed.
 B4 – Jack doesn't have to get up early.
 C1 – Will we be able to ski?
 C2 – Peggy can't swim.
 C3 – I had to wait for him.
 C4 – Did Tim have to study History?

54

1 famous 9 sports
 2 on 10 highest
 3 on/for 11 sandy
 4 bowls 12 countryside
 5 sunbathe 13 go
 6 island 14 tourists
 7 by 15 castle
 8 time

55 (predlog rešitve)

1 film	13	assistant	<i>film star</i>	<i>filmska zvezda/zvezdnik</i>
2 bus	7	bank	bus driver	voznik avtobusa
3 pocket	15	juice	pocket money	žepnina
4 town	12	game	town centre	mestno središče/jedro
5 land	8	forecast	land animal	kopenska žival
6 ice	3	money	ice-cream	sladoled
7 bottle	5	animal	bottle bank	zabojnik/zbiralnik za steklo
8 weather	10	opera	weather forecast	vremenska napoved
9 summer	11	film	summer Olympics	poletne olimpijske igre
10 soap	1	star	soap opera	limonadasta TV nadaljevanka, limonada
11 love	2	driver	love film	ljubezenski film
12 computer	6	cream	computer game	računalniška igrica
13 shop	9	Olympics	shop assistant	prodajalec, prodajalka
14 factory	4	centre	factory worker	tovarniški delavec / delavka
15 apple	14	worker	apple juice	jabolčni sok

56

2 River	10 streets	18 sheep
3 history	11 cafes	19 carnival
4 monument	12 popular	20 visitors
5 military	13 castle	21 doughnuts
6 residents	14 century	22 parade
7 hill	15 collections	23 home
8 attractions	16 costumes	
9 Square	17 best-known	

57

1 My uncle's car ...	Stričev avto / Avto mojega strica ...
2 The elephant's trunk ...	Slonov rilec ...
3 The lions' den ...	Levji brlog ...
4 Jack's jeans ...	Jackove kavbojke ...
5 The men's coats ...	Moški plašči ...
6 My parents' bedroom ...	Spalnica mojih staršev ...
7 The oxen's cart ...	Volovski/Volovji voz ...
8 Mrs Black's glasses ...	Očala gospe Black ...
9 The tigers' stripes ...	Tigrove proge ...
10 ... a children's channel.	... otroški program.
11 The ants' nest ...	Mravljišče ...
12 The child's toys ...	Otrokove igrače ...
13 The monkeys' tails ...	Opičji repi ...
14 The staff's car park ...	Parkirišče za osebje/zaposlene ...
15 ... the geese's eggs gosja jajca ...

58

1 the end of the story	8 the second floor of this building
2 a policeman's hat	9 my sister's jeans
3 the name of this street	10 the temperature of the water / (the water temperature)
4 Mr Hill's daughter	11 the Rogers' car
5 the peaks of the Julian Alps	12 in the corner of the room
6 the film of the year	
7 the price of the skirt	

59

1 is	5 has	9 possession
2 has	6 is	10 is
3 us	7 is, us	
4 possession, is	8 has	

60 (predlog rešitve)

- 1 What beautiful (fantastic, huge, wonderful, ...) mountains!
- 2 What lovely (beautiful, boring, funny, noisy, stupid, ...) music!
- 3 What a beautiful (huge, an old, lovely, ...) church!
- 4 What bad (fantastic, noisy, stupid, ...) players!
- 5 What a beautiful (boring, horrible, lovely, wonderful, ...) landscape!
- 6 What a bad (cute, fantastic, funny, horrible, stupid, ...) cook!
- 7 What cheap (heavy, old, beautiful, expensive, lovely, horrible, ...) jewels!
- 8 What a funny (cute, stupid, ...) boy!
- 9 What beautiful (bright, huge, lovely, wonderful, ...) stars!
- 10 What cold (heavy, smelly, ...) rain!
- 11 What a (horrible, beautiful, boring, bright, cold, ...) night!
- 12 What a cheap (an expensive, fantastic, huge, ...) department store!
- 13 What bad (beautiful, cold, horrible, ...) weather!
- 14 What cheap (funny, expensive, ...) jeans!
- 15 What a noisy (an ugly, an old, ...) street!

READING (str. 179)**1**

1 F	3 F	5 NG	7 F	9 F
2 F	4 T	6 F	8 F	10 NG

2

- 1 Terry and Alan (did).
- 2 It's for Judy.
- 3 In Slovenia. / They're in Slovenia. / They're in/at Bled.
- 4 For five days. / They've been in Slovenia for five days.
- 5 Yes, they have.
- 6 They think it's a lovely country.
- 7 In a café. / They're writing it in a café in/at Bled.
- 8 To Bohinj. / They went to Bohinj and up to Vogel.
- 9 By cable car. / They went up to Vogel by cable car.
- 10 It was wonderful.
- 11 They are going to visit Ljubljana.

3

- 1 Because he got a message from God.
- 2 On a hill (close to his wife's hometown).
- 3 The locals.
- 4 A dove.
- 5 Chicken Church.
- 6 A crown.
- 7 Two.
- 8 For ten years.
- 9 Because it was never completed.
- 10 To have a spot away from the adults.

4

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------------|------|------|
| 1 T | 4 F | 7 T | 10 T | 13 T |
| 2 F | 5 T | 8 NG / (F) | 11 T | 14 T |
| 3 NG | 6 NG | 9 T | 12 F | |

5b

- | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| 1 c | 3 b | 5 b | 7 c | 9 c | 11 c |
| 2 c | 4 a | 6 c | 8 b | 10 c | |

6b

- 1 When/What year did GM fly solo around the world?
- 2 When/What year did Amelia Earhart try to fly around the world?
- 3 What did she look like?
- 4 How many children did she have? / Did she have any children?
- 5 Where did she take off? / Where did she start her journey/flight?
- 6 How long did the flight take?
- 7 What plane did she fly?
- 8 Where did her parents take her (when she was 7)?
- 9 Who did she marry?
- 10 Why did she make/take/go on her around-the-world trip?
- 11 What did she receive/get from President (Lyndon Johnson)?
- 12 Why was her story almost forgotten (during her lifetime)? / Why has her feat been largely overlooked?

7

- 10 The Australian flag ...
- 3 The New Zealand flag ...
- 1 The flag of Singapore ...
- 11 Malta's flag ...
- 8 Jamaica's flag ...
- 4 The flag of Ghana ...
- 5 The flag of the USA ...
- 12 The flag of Kiribati ...
- 2 The Solomon Islands have a flag ...
- 7 The flag of Ireland ...
- 9 The flag of the Republic of Macedonia ...
- 6 The flag of South Africa ...

WRITING (str. 185)

1 (predlog rešitve)

Brad Pitt is best known for his good looks, remarkable acting roles, and relationship with Angelina Jolie. He was born on 18 December, 1964, in Shawnee, Oklahoma.

When he was five his family moved to Missouri and Brad spent his childhood there. He is the oldest of three children and has a younger brother and sister.

In 1982, he graduated from high school and enrolled at the University of Missouri where he studied journalism and advertising. He dropped out of college and went to Hollywood in 1986 because he decided to become an actor. At the beginning of his career he worked as an extra and took various jobs to get by. He shot his first film in 1989. His big hit was in 1991, and he became famous overnight. Since then his career has begun to take off. In the 1990s he played many key roles in different movies. In 1994 he was crowned 'The Sexiest Man Alive'. A year later he received a Golden Globe and an Oscar nomination for his role in Terry Gilliam's *12 Monkeys*. In 1990 he dated actress Juliette Lewis. They broke up three years later. Then he got engaged to Gwyneth Paltrow but they broke up in 1998. When he met Jennifer Aniston in 2000, they got married. Five years later, they split up. [...]

8 (predlog rešitve)

The girls were standing by the side of the road. It was a busy road. Cars and lorries passed but not one of them stopped. They were near Lancaster now. They couldn't take a bus there because they needed money to pay board and lodging at Grasmere. After some time a car pulled up. The two girls got to Grasmere in the evening and spent the night at a Youth Hostel there. The next morning they set off on a walk round Lake Grasmere. They went to Dove Cottage first. It was by the shore of the lake. It's the house where Wordsworth lived with his sister Dorothy. The view of the lake and the hills was beautiful. It's easy to understand that Nature here was a constant source of inspiration to the Lake Poets. If you lived there, you'd also write poetry.

CULTURE (str. 190)

1

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2 Berlin, Germany | 10 Pula, Croatia |
| 1 Cannes, France | 8 Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina |
| 3, 5, 7 Hollywood, L.A. | 6 Venice, Italy |
| 4 London, UK | |
| 9 Portorož, Slovenia | |

ENGLISH ACROSS THE CURRICULUM

(str. 192)

1

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| h Russia | e China |
| g England | a Havana, Cuba |
| b Genova | g North America (New England) |
| i Portugal | f The moon |
| a Buenos Aires | h Space |
| c Spain | d Easter Island |
| d The Netherlands | b West Indies / America |
| f USA | c Mexico |
| e Venice | i India |